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PRICE TWO CENTS

INTERNATIONAL LAW VIOLATED SAYS LANSING

Gives His Opinion on Sinking of the Laconia—Congress May Take Mat- ters Into Their Own Hands

(Special to The Herald)
Washington, Feb. 27.—The sinking of the Laconia without warning was a clear violation of international law, Secretary of State Lansing declared after a conference with the President today. Secretary Lansing carefully avoided speaking of the case of an over act, such as Germany has been warned of, but he did not conceal the fact that the administration looked upon the fact that the sinking was the

most serious affront that Germany has given the United States since the campaign started. He did not indicate that any drastic move was planned by the White House at present. There was a well defined feeling in administration circles following the conference between the President and Secretary Lansing that congress may act upon the Laconia case without a suggestion from the President.

HAVE NOT REACHED AN AGREEMENT

Senate and House Commit- tees Not Unanimous on President's Request.

(Special to The Herald)
Washington, Feb. 27.—Both the senate foreign relations committee and the house foreign affairs committee failed to reach an agreement as to measures to meet President Wilson's request for authority to deal with the German crisis. The senate recessed soon after noon after a two hour session. Both Republicans and Democrats predicted an agreement before the conclusion of the afternoon. The chances of the house committee reaching an early agreement seemed more obscure.

DEATH OF AMERICAN WOMEN MAY BE AN OVERT ACT

GOV. KEYES SCORES WAR DEPARTMENT

Takes Three Weeks to Ac- knowledge His Offer of a Regiment From the Amoskeag Co.

(Special to The Herald)
Concord, N. H., Feb. 27.—Governor Henry W. Keyes issued a statement today in which he scored the war department for its indifference toward the offer of the Amoskeag Manufacturing company to furnish a regiment fully equipped if the occasion should arise. The offer was dispatched to Washington by the Governor on Feb. 2 and today the governor received a brief and curt note saying that the department would be glad to avail themselves of the offer should the occasion arise. He said that this action of the war department shows that somebody is needed at Washington to cut the red tape. I hope that the men will not be wanted but if they were they would be wanted quick and the war department does not seem to make any effort to speed up, if it takes three weeks to get a reply to such an offer. We do not know what to do to get this regiment ready and the department seems in no hurry to inform us or to encourage such generosity on the part of this company.

Liner Laconia Attacked and Sunk With- out Warning -- Washington Deeply Stirred

(Special to The Herald)
Washington, Feb. 27.—The death of two American women in a small boat from the torpedoed Cunard liner Laconia, floating in winter weather off the coast of Ireland near the point where the Lusitania died lay, has deeply stirred the capital. The situation is extremely serious. Receipt of official confirmation of the death of Mrs. Mary B. Hoy and Miss Elizabeth Hoy followed closely upon the positive report that the great trans Atlantic liner was attacked without warning, caused tightening of expression in official circles. The news was sent immediately to President Wilson in his study at the White House. It was stated for the present that he would have nothing to say. Unofficially it is said that the incident has confirmed him in his belief that the legislation he asked for yesterday which will permit the arming of American vessels so that they can resume their sailing, is more than necessary. That this is another Lusitania incident seems to be the general opinion. Earlier in the day when the general situation was in doubt and before confirmation had been received of the death of the Hays, there seemed to be a general opinion that the country would not look for any serious action by the administration because of the loss of the Laconia and it was then said to be on a parallel with the sinking of the California which was said to be an unfriendly rather than an overt act. With knowledge that the American women had been lost, came the change in sentiment and the expression of opinion became correspondingly bitter. No opinion came from the White House but it was rumored that they figured that the sinking of the Laconia was the overt act which the President expressed the hope that it would not take place, but the President had outlined his next step and was waiting for an expression from congress. Meanwhile officials close to the administration took the pains to point out that Congress is the body which has the power to declare war and it now was in session and there was little doubt but what the President was waiting to get an expression of Congress of its desires. The fact that a serious division has developed among the law makers has been a source of

GERMAN SUBMARINES MAKE REPORTS

Claim Twenty Ships Sunk in Short Time Including Brit- ish Transports.

(Special to The Herald)
Berlin, via Sayville, Feb. 25 (delayed).—German submarines which have just returned to their base, report the sinking of 21 ships, eleven steamers, two sailing and eight steamers were towed. Among the steamers sunk, was a British transport on February 13. The White Star liner Africa was sunk on February 12 while on its way from Plymouth to Liverpool. Of the remaining ships, one was of 3,500 tons, with coal; another of 1,800, with general cargo; another of 3,000 tons with salt-peter. This was given out through the official Overseas News Agency, which further states: "According to this information the Africa was destroyed on Feb. 12 and not the 16 as at first reported. The British also kept secret the loss of four auxiliary cruisers being used as transports."

SEVENTEEN PASSENGERS KILLED

Train Wreck on Penn. R.R.— Passengers of Entire Car Go to Death.

(Special to The Herald)
Moun, Union, Penn., Feb. 27.—Seventeen passengers and a Pullman porter were killed when a fast train ran

into the rear of the Mercantile express train No. 6, of the Pennsylvania railroad, east bound, at the station here today. The sleeping car Bellwood, on the rear of the express was telescoped and everyone in it with the exception of a woman and a boy were killed. The wrecking crew working at the scene have taken out 8 bodies. The family of Chester Mines, a U. of P. athlete, and a wealthy coal operator, was wiped out.

"THE SPIRIT OF AMERICA"

There will be a lecture on Wednesday, Feb. 28th, at 4 p. m. in Pierce Hall under the auspices of the Gratiot Club by Dr. Edward A. Steiner, whose subject will be "The Spirit of America." Admission, 35 cts.

Read the Want Ads.

NAVY ASKS FOR SMALL GUN BIDS

The Type Needed to Arm Merchant Ships.

Washington, Feb. 27.—The navy department tomorrow will open bids for 2,400 one-pound rifles and mounts, 360 three-inch rifles and a large number of four-inch and five-inch guns, also with mounts. These are the types that are suitable for the arming of merchantmen.

TWENTY INJURED IN CAR CRASH

New York, Feb. 27.—Twenty persons were injured when two electric trains on Third avenue crashed together at the 143rd street station. None of the injured are expected to die.

TWELVE LIVES LOST ON THE LACONIA

Two Known Americans and Possibly Many More; Of- ficial News Still Lacking.

London, Feb. 27.—A dispatch from Queenstown this afternoon reports the death and burial at sea of six boys who were on the Laconia. There were fifteen Americans landed and it is believed that the crew was saved. Although forty-eight hours have elapsed since the torpedoing of the Cunard liner Laconia off the Irish coast in the dead of night, the total number of dead and missing was still in doubt. Compilation of reports from all sources indicate that the victims will total 12. Three are known to be Mrs. Mary B. Hoy and Elizabeth Hoy of Chicago and Frederick Ivatts, a London theatrical man. All perished from exposure in the lifeboats and were buried at sea. Three other passengers and six members of the crew are missing and it is feared that they have also perished. An unofficial dispatch says that ten American negroes of the crew were lost.

BERLIN ADMITS BRITISH GAINS

Claims They Were Driven Back in Counter Attack.

Berlin, Feb. 27.—At only one point between Ypres and the Somme river did the British succeed in penetrating the German lines, says the war office. The British gain was made east of Arras, but the English were driven out with a counter attack. Fighting activities on the eastern front is decreasing the war office today announced. The weather is very severe, and in Roumania and Macedonia nothing has occurred.

Sport Styles Lead the Fashions



Sports-wear fashions along the new style lines will be smarter and even more original this Spring than ever. Remarkable effects have been originated in the patterns and colors used, in the contrast of coats and suits, and in the trimming of collars, cuffs and belts.



New Suits

of best materials and workmanship, and attractively priced. Sport effects and tailored lines.

\$20.00 to \$28.50

Blouses

in smart new modes. Sport styles and semi-tailored, are having a strong showing. Silk waists also of voile and muslin.

\$1.00 to \$10.00

Spring Sport Skirts

Unusual designs of striped and checked materials.

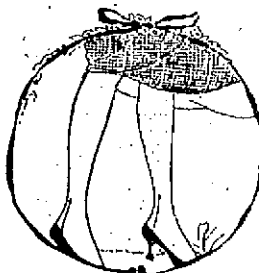
\$7.50 to \$15.00



The Season's Sweaters

Many novelties in design and weave in the popular wools and silks.

\$2.69
to \$32.50



Smart Hosiery

Fancy striped and clox effects so much in vogue.

\$1.00 to \$1.75
a pair

SPRING STYLES IN GLOVES

Colors that are harmonious in tone with suit or coat are much affected.

\$1.25 to \$1.75 pr.

Geo. B. French Co.

Gossard Corsets

The original Lace-Front Corsets, \$2.50 to \$8.50
An expert graduate corsetiere at your service. Call and have a fitting.

Copyright Fiction

We have the largest stock of Books in this section. Over 600 titles to choose from at 60c a copy. Send for a catalogue.

NEW SUMMER WASH GOODS—A big line of 38 and 40 inch voiles at 25c. New percales, linens and gingham.

NEW SPRING SUITS AND COATS for Misses and Women.

Mail Orders Promptly Attended to.

L. E. STAPLES, Market St.

D. H. McINTOSH GREAT FEBRUARY



From February 13th to the 28th

Everything in our store marked down in spite of the high prices now prevailing. We are able to offer Furniture, Carpets and Rugs lower than ever before. This is due to the fact that we bought them before the advance, for cash, this making a great discount. Come in and look them over. D. H. McINTOSH.

GUNNERS, NOT GUNS, WANTED

Plenty of Guns to Arm Merchant Ships But Few Men to Point Them.

Washington, Feb. 26.—Guns and mounts sufficient to arm any reasonable number of American merchant ships are now stored at navy yards, it was officially stated at the navy department today, following President Wilson's appearance before congress to ask authority to provide weapons and men should the need arise. Efficient gunners are lacking, however, unless they are taken from the active ships which can ill spare them.

Naval officers pointed out that men of special skill trained to the minute would be required as gun pointers for anti-submarine work. At best, a U-boat is difficult to hit as there is little exposed. Often a periscope hardly visible at more than a few thousand yards is the gunner's only target.

Recent figures show that 250 ships under American registry are engaged in transatlantic trade, but it is estimated that not more than 100 would apply for guns and take the risk of crossing the German submarine zone. There will be no difficulty in furnishing that number of vessels with weapons, but supplying trained gun pointers for 100 guns would take just that many valuable men away from the fighting ships.

There are about 1000 men in the fleet reserve of whom approximately 100 were trained gun pointers when they left the active list. Most of them are older men, however, and none has had any recent practice in gun pointing.

It is said that no sufficiently expert pointers for work on merchant craft could be obtained from that source, although some ammunition handlers and other members of gun crews might be obtained. Of the 1000 reservists about one-half have been drilled in gun handling, other than the pointing.

Naval officials construe the President's language as asking for authority wide enough to take any measures to defend American ships. That might include naval convoys; but the opinion of naval experts is against such a step both because it could not insure the convoys against the submarine attacks and also because the efficiency of the fleet as a fighting machine would be seriously impaired if its units were scattered for convoy duty.

The available guns range up to 6-inch calibre. Most of them are old models but have ample range and power for the work desired. Range and rapidity of fire are vital factors in anti-submarine operations. It is important that the underwater craft before she gets into good torpedo range.

The majority of cases reported shows this to be 500 yards or less, and the skill of the gunners should be sufficient to make it dangerous for a U-boat to show herself at nearer than 500 yards.

Naval officials were not inclined to discuss the change in the status of a merchant ship which might result from placing a navy crew aboard. Whether the gun crews would be put under the orders of the merchant captains or whether naval officers would command the guns and determine when and how they should be used was not made known.

The naval militia, more than 9,000 strong, could not be drawn upon for gunners because of its militia status.

The terms under which the men could be called out for active service are limited by the constitution to suppression of insurrection, repelling invasion and enforcing the laws.

In addition to guns now held in reserve at navy yards, the navy department has many smaller weapons building under contract. These could be hastened to completion at need for use aboard merchant craft, but there is no present indication that they will be needed.

KITTERY

The regular weekly meeting of Constitution Lodge, No. 88, Knights of Pythias, will be held this evening.

There will be an important drill of York Rebekah degree staff on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, after the meeting of B. G. Parker Post, G. A. R. William Brown Sr., is ill at his home, Locke's Cove.

There will be a business meeting of the Christian Endeavor Society on Thursday evening at the Christian vestry, followed by a social.

Mrs. Charles Lutz of Love Lane returned Monday afternoon from a few

Telephone 598 for FINEST COLLAR WORK in New England.

We have the "Last Word" in collar machinery and guarantee to "Make Good."

CENTRAL STEAM LAUNDRY Pleasant Street.

days' visit with relatives in Lowell, Mass.

Mrs. George Boulter, of Love Lane is ill with an attack of the grippe.

Mrs. William Locke will entertain the Ladies' Social Circle of the Christian church on Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. Ernest Higgins is having a two days' vacation from his work at the navy yard and is moving from Central street to South Elliot. The house vacated by Mr. Higgins has been rented to Mr. and Mrs. William Laird of Dams street.

Carpenter Frank Smith, U. S. N., who is at the Chelsea hospital suffering from an injured foot, passed the week-end in town with his family.

Lillian, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Shaw of Government street, very happily celebrated her sixth birthday anniversary by entertaining several of her little friends. A pretty feature of the party was the dining table which was covered with crepe paper, with napkins to match. A handsome birthday cake adorned the table which was cut and served to her little guests by Miss Lillian, with ice cream and confectionery. It was a happy little time for the guests and hostesses, the latter receiving many remembrances of the day.

Arthur Goodwin of Dams street was in Boston and Nashua on business on Monday.

A masquerade ball will be held this evening at Grange hall by members of the Grange. Half of the proceeds will go to charity.

A meeting of the official board of the Methodist church will be held on Thursday evening at the home of the pastor, Rev. William Porgave.

Mrs. George Smart is ill at her home.

Mrs. Albert Dwyne of the navy yard

ed by the illness of a relative, went to Lowell, Mass., on Monday call on the navy yard on Monday after a Charles Pinkham resumed his duties few days' vacation.

Regular mid-week prayer meeting tonight at the Second Christian church at 7.30. The text will be Galatians 6:2: "Bear Ye One Another's Burdens, and so fulfill the Law of Christ." The question box will be opened at this service. A business meeting of the church and a choir rehearsal will follow the prayer meeting.

At a hearing in the Kittery court on Saturday afternoon before Judge Shaw Mrs. Patrick McHugh was found guilty of disturbance of the peace and using improper language. She was fined \$5.00.

KITTERY POINT

The Christian Endeavor prayer meeting of the First Christian church will meet at 7.30 this evening. Topic, "The Hume Mission Boards of My Denomination. What They are and What They Do." Leader, Mrs. Joseph Moulton.

The Congregational prayer meeting will be held at the Community house at 7 this evening.

Baptist prayer service will be held at the vestry at 7.

A rehearsal was held at the vestry of the Baptist church last evening for a drama which is to be presented in the near future.

The Kittery Point Branch in Aid of the French Wounded will meet with Mrs. Charles Tobey of Tenney's Hill on Thursday evening.

The members of the Kittery Point fire company entertained a number of invited guests at a social and supper at Firemen's hall last evening. The evening was passed in a social way. Supper was served at 9 and the menu consisted of oyster, stew, crackers, pickles, cake, coffee and cigars. About 50 were present.

W. S. Palmer of Salem, Mass., was a business visitor in town today.

Ezra Kimball has returned to his home here after being employed in Newmarket, N. H. for some months.

Mrs. Wentworth Seaward of Tenney's Hill left today for Everett, Mass., to visit her daughter Mrs. Edward Baylis.

The Ladies' Aid of the First Christian church will meet on Thursday evening with Mrs. Edna Emery.

Miss Ida Lewis has returned to her home after visiting relatives in Portsmouth for a week.

Hiram Tobey Sr., is enjoying a vacation from his duties at the navy yard.

H. J. Luce of Exeter, N. H., was a visitor in town last evening on business.

The W. C. T. U. will meet on Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Belle Hoyt.

Mrs. Clifford Bryant was given a surprise party recently by the H. G. L. club, it being the anniversary of her birth. Games, etc., were enjoyed and Mrs. Bryant received many useful gifts. Refreshments were served and at a late hour the friends departed for their homes wishing the hostess many happy birthdays.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

Members of Adelle P. Burditt Council No. 5, Sons and Daughters of Liberty, are requested to attend the funeral of the late Sister Lydia D. Marden at the home, 40 Elwyn avenue, Wednesday afternoon at 2.15.

Bvelyn L. Dearborn, Councilor. Frank K. Dearborn, Rec. Sec.

COMING HERE TO FINISH WORK

Judge Sawyer of the superior court will close the present session at Exeter today and will come to Portsmouth to hear a few cases which will clean up the work of the term.

After a hearty meal take Doan's Regulate and assist your stomach, liver and bowels. Regulate are a mild laxative, 25c at all drug stores.

BILL TO GIVE PRESIDENT AUTHORITY

To Uphold an Armed Neutrality—Both Branches of Congress Act.

Washington, Feb. 26.—After conferences with Democratic and Republican leaders, Chairman Flood of the house foreign affairs committee introduced today a bill authorizing the President to arm merchant ships and to use other such instrumentalities as necessary to protect them on the high seas and providing for a special bond issue of \$100,000,000.

The bill was referred to the committee which will meet tomorrow morning to consider it. At the present time the senate foreign relations committee will consider the President's draft of a similar measure, submitted by Chairman Stone.

The text of the Flood bill follows: "To be enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the U. S. of America in congress assembled, that the President of the United States of America be, and is hereby authorized and empowered to supply merchant ships, the property of citizens of the United States and bearing American registry, with defensive arms, should it in his judgment become necessary for him to do so, and also with the necessary ammunition and means of making use of them in defense against unlawful attack; and that he be and is hereby authorized and empowered to employ such other instrumentalities and methods as may in his judgment and discretion seem necessary and adequate to protect such ships and the citizens of the United States in their lawful and peaceful pursuits on the high seas."

"Section 2. The sum of \$100,000,000 is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated to be expended by the President of the United States for the purposes herein stated, the said sum to be available until the first day of January, 1918; and the President is authorized to transfer so much thereof as he may deem necessary to the bureau of war risk insurance, created by act of congress, approved on Sept. 2, 1914, for the purpose of insuring vessels, their freight, passage moneys and cargoes against loss or damage by the present risks of war."

"Section 3. For the purpose of meeting the expenditures herein authorized, the secretary of the treasury, under the direction of the President, is hereby authorized to borrow on the credit of the United States and to issue therefor bonds of the United States, not exceeding in the aggregate \$100,000,000, said bonds to be in such form and subject to such terms and conditions as the secretary of the treasury may prescribe, and to bear interest at the rate not exceeding three per centum per annum; provided that such bonds shall be sold at not less than par, shall not carry the circulating privileges, that all citizens of the United States shall be given an equal opportunity to subscribe, and that no commission shall be allowed or paid thereon; that both principal and interest shall be payable in United States gold coin of the present standard of value and be exempt from all taxation and duties of the United States as well as from taxation in any form of all state, municipal or local authorities; that any bonds issued hereunder may, under such conditions as the secretary of the treasury may prescribe, be convertible into bonds bearing a higher rate of interest than 3 per centum per annum if any bonds shall be issued by the United States at a higher rate than 3 per centum per annum by virtue of any act passed on or before Dec. 31, 1918."

"Section 4. In order to pay the necessary expenses connected with the said issue of bonds, or any conversions thereof, a sum not exceeding one-fifth of 1 per centum of the amount of bonds therein authorized to be issued, or which may be converted, is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended at the secretary of the treasury may direct."

NO MORE BOXING AT DOVER

Recent Bout Was Too Much Like a Prize Fight.

Dover, Feb. 26.—County Solicitor Albert P. Sherry has put a top to future

Automobile Insurance

Collision and Fire Best Form of Policy Issued

John Sise & Co.

3 Market Square, Portsmouth, N. H.

boxing exhibitions in this city.

At the last exhibition held in Red Allen's hall the affair was more in the nature of a prize fight than a mere exhibition of the many art, according to spectators. The parties running the affair took out a license to run a boxing exhibition.

"The nature of the exhibition which was run off here Washington's Birthday was called to the attention of the solicitor; he took up the matter with the police authorities here with the result that no more licenses will be granted."

P. A. C. HELD ITS HALF POINT LEAD IN TOURNAMENT

LAST EVENING'S MEETING WITH THE ELKS FOR INTER-CLUB CUP GAMES ENDED IN ANOTHER TIE, EACH WINNING ONE POINT.

On Monday evening, at the P. A. C. the fifth meeting in the Elks—P. A. C. tournament for the cup ended in a tie, each club winning one point for the season. The Athletic club won in pitch, twenty players representing each club by the score of 1573 to 1468. The pool match was won by the Elks, 338 to 307. The games did not change the score for the season and the P. A. C. retained their lead of one half point gained at the last meeting two weeks earlier, the score now standing 6 for the Elks and 5 1-2 for the P. A. C. The season's tournament will close on Monday, March 12, at the Elks' Home when three and one half points will be at stake, the half point being in Elks' hands, when at the last meeting two men were absent from each team.

The tournament is the first year's tournament in a new series for a cup. The last series, completed after four years, was won by the P. A. C. who became the permanent possessor of the trophy which was hotly contested for. The games have been interesting and have tended to bring the two organizations into very close relationship. As has been the case at each meeting the meeting last evening was attended by many members of both organizations who were not engaged in the contest. They were interested spectators throughout the evening and after play the Athletic Club members played hosts to their visitors serving a buffet luncheon. The games at the next meeting will be cribbage, pool and bowling.

Pool		P. A. C.	
Mowe, 100	.....	Clark, 46	
Mitchell, 38	.....	Lynskey, 100	
Johnson, 150	.....	Smart, 93	
Kennedy, 100	.....	Higger, 68	
Total	335		307
Pitch		P. A. C.	
Kunzles & Sammsell	.....	138	
Kierman & Gray	.....	137	
Gray & Parker	.....	165	
Robinson & Tibbels	.....	151	
Goleman & McCarthy	.....	148	
McIntire & Shute	.....	150	
Seater & Crowley	.....	183	
Newell & Stoddard	.....	163	
Russell & Woods	.....	176	
Smith & Vennard	.....	136	
Totals			1573

Elks		P. A. C.	
Russell & Ambros	.....	176	
Brown & Caswell	.....	131	
Saute & Jones	.....	138	
Flynn & Hintz	.....	143	
Capstick & Chesley	.....	128	
Jones & Lear	.....	120	
Griffin & Eldridge	.....	153	
Wingate & Quinlan	.....	137	
Daves & Thorsen	.....	161	
Lynskey & Schrieder	.....	170	
Totals			1468

Season Record		Elks		P. A. C.	
1st game	.....	1		2	
2d game	.....	2		1	
3d game	.....	1		1	
4th game	.....	1		1	
5th game	.....	1		1	
Totals		6		6	

Knickerbockers Won from Paynes' Clerks.

In the Commercial League last evening the Knickerbockers took three points from Paynes' Clerks, winning everything but the first string, winning the total pinfall by 33 pins. In the opening string the losing bowlers hit the pins for a total of 494, Prefethen rolling 127. In the second the winners came close to duplicating the high mark totalling 391.

For the winners Dexter rolled high with a total of 313, rolling 111 for his high single. Prefethen rolled a score of 322 for high for the losers, his 127 being the high single. The summary:

Knickerbockers		Paynes' Clerks	
Donovan	93 105	86—281	
Quinn	86 101	88—275	
Dexter	111 101	98—313	
Jordan	82 98	96—270	
Larney	100 83	89—272	
Totals	472 491	457 1420	

Paynes' Clerks		Elks	
Davis	90 80	81—251	
Prefethen	127 102	93—322	
Cox	91 87	82—260	
Badger	95 92	102—289	
Paul	91 88	86—265	
Totals	494 449	444 1287	

END INDIGESTION OR STOMACH PAIN IN FIVE MINUTES

"Pape's Diapepsin" makes sick, sour, gassy stomachs feel fine.

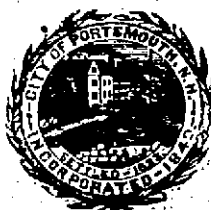
Time it takes five minutes your sour, acid stomach feels fine. No indigestion, heartburn or belching of gas, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, foul breath or headache.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in sweetening upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain stomach antacid in the whole world and besides it is harmless. Millions of men and women now eat their favorite foods without fear—they know that Pape's Diapepsin will save them from such misery.

Please, for your sake get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and enjoy it, without dread of acid fermentation in the stomach.

Pape's Diapepsin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which don't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement due to fermentation and acidity, at daytime or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest, surest relief known.

Wouldn't it seem funny to pick up a newspaper and find nothing about murder, strikes, war or famine?



BIDS FOR DEPOSIT OF PUBLIC FUNDS.

In accordance with Chapter 153, laws of 1916, the Treasurer of the City of Portsmouth hereby calls for bids for the deposit, subject to check, of Public Funds of the City of Portsmouth, N. H., not permanently; bids shall be for a rate of interest to be paid upon average daily balances for each month, such interest to be credited to the account of the City on the last day of each month.

Security for the deposit will be required.

Bids must be sent to the City Treasurer, Portsmouth, N. H., plainly marked: "Bid for Public Funds of City of Portsmouth, N. H." on or before 10 o'clock in the forenoon, Wednesday, Feb. 28, 1917.

CH. COGSWELL SMITH,

Farm Engines

Fairbanks-Morse Type Z

More than rated power and a wonder at the price.

W. S. JACKSON,

11 Market Street

A. MUSTONE 115 PENHALLOW ST.

Sweet and Sour Wines of All Kinds. Ale and Lager on Draught.

Shooting Gallery and Penny Arcade Next Door.

Instruction Given. Prizes. 16 SHOTS FOR 25c. Tenement 4 rooms, to let, 101 Hanover Street.

J. VERNE WOOD

Successor to H. W. NICKERSON. Funeral Director and Embalmer. OFFICE AND ROOMS 13 DANIEL ST. Telephone at Office and Residence. Call 281Y Day or Night. Lady Assistant when requested.

This Week we are Featuring Laundry Stoves

We are showing four sizes. They have a deep bowl above the cone, affording a free draft, and top plate is loose and can be removed to clean it. They have heating space for 7, 8 and 9 sad irons, and have two 8-inch holes for boiling purposes on top, deep ash pit, castings are smooth, and the stove is well bricked. Specially priced at \$7, \$8, \$10 and \$11. We are also showing a full line of laundry supplies, everything that is needed to equip a first class laundry.

THE SWEETSER STORE

MARKET STREET

Used Cars For Sale



- 1916 Studebaker, 6-cyl. \$900
- 1914 Buick Runabout \$325
- 1915 Chalmers, 6-cyl. \$700
- 1914 Jackson Roadster \$300
- 1914 Cadillac \$800
- 1916 Overland, 6-cyl. \$750

PORTSMOUTH MOTOR MART Fleet Street.

It Makes No Difference

what you are going to build or repair, you should get our figures FIRST. We are always glad to quote prices or assist you in any way we can. Our stock is complete, our quality right, and our prices low. Drop in and let's get acquainted.

LITTLEFIELD LUMBER CO., 63 Green St.

INSIDE THE LINES

of Fashion you are sure to be if you wear apparel of

Our Tailoring

Inside information as to the new clothes for Spring and advance style designs are being received every day. Call and talk over your wardrobe needs with us.

MAX GELMAN 71 DANIEL ST. Tel. 266M

A. P. WENDELL & CO.

DENATURED ALCOHOL J. M. FIRE EXTINGUISHERS RAT TRAPS, AXES, WOOD SAWS HOUSE AND STABLE BROOMS SKATES, SLEDS, HOCKEY STICKS BOXING GLOVES

CITIZENS TICKET NAMED FOR KITTELY ELECTION

Campaign Promises to be Warm Fight and Candidates Pledged to Attempt Reduction of Taxes and Make Many Improvements

That the Town of Kittery is due to have a hot political fight on Monday, March 12, at the annual town meeting and election, seems assured after the big meeting on Monday evening called by the Town Citizens' Committee. The meeting was held in Grange Hall and was attended by a number of enthusiastic voters who protested against the present high tax rate and the apparent lack of improvements in town affairs. The meeting nominated a full set of candidates for the several town offices and pledged them support at the polls. Speeches were made by several of the leading citizens interested in the movement and the meeting was informed that the tax rate of the town, which is \$26.60 a \$1000, was probably the highest rate in the entire country. One speaker stated that the town had about reached its limit of indebtedness and was actually within \$5000. of the limit set by the public statutes of the State of Maine.

Speakers stated that for the past twenty years there has been a steady increase in the tax rate and that the assessed valuation had also increased to more than double. One taxpayer, who was assessed twenty years ago for \$20.00 on a certain piece of improved land now pays \$16.00 a year, and the town has done nothing to improve the approaches to this property. No improvements on the property have been made by the owner, and its actual value has not increased.

The meeting was called to order at 7.45 by A. O. Goodwin, chairman of the committee and officers were elected as follows:

Chairman—A. O. Goodwin.
Clerk—Charles A. Bridges.
Assistants to Chairman—Joseph Sugrue, Arthur N. Pettigrew.
The meeting immediately nominated candidates for town office, the nominations being made from the floor and the names were balloted on after discussion, resulting in the nomination of the following ticket:

Moderator, Frank E. Donnell.
Town Clerk, Thomas E. Wilson, former postmaster.

Selectmen, Charles Williams, to represent Kittery Point section; Arthur N. Pettigrew, representing North Kittery; and Frank B. Parker, representing Kittery Foreside.

Town treasurer, George D. Boulter.
Town Agent, Charles E. Woods.
Town Auditor, Calvin Denbar.
School committee, Charles E. Phillips, for three years; Orville Sanders for one year.

Collector of Taxes, Charles A. Bridges.

Constables, H. Martin, F. E. Cooper, R. W. Packard, C. W. Chapman, S. Hodgdon.

Town Officer, Samuel Hodgdon.

Following the nominations of the several candidates speeches were made urging a large attendance at the annual meeting.

publican side is being strongly urged by progressive Republicans. One of the chief complaints the progressive inclined members have made at the present session is that Representative Mann has not consulted the wishes of the Republican membership in regard to pending legislation. Rumors of trades for the Independent vote, involving both Senate and House leaders are numerous.

Extra Session a Question

It may be decided between now and Wednesday night whether an extra session of Congress will be forced by Senate Republicans. They have the whole situation in their hands and the Democratic leaders realize it. Half a dozen important considerations play into the situation, chief of which are the question of whether the President shall be permitted to deal with the German controversy without aid, the Grayson case and the fight with the Postmaster General over the pneumatic tube issue. Moreover, it is believed that an immense amount of hastily and ill-considered legislation will be enacted this week if Congress is left with only a week in which to clear the decks and the danger to the country from such laws, it is held is something Congress should guard it against, if possible. An amendment may be offered to the naval bill to reduce the number of rear admirals in the staff corps of the navy. The effect of this would be to open up the whole question of naval promotions to discussion in open session; and it is calculated that if this should be done the President would be compelled to withdraw the nomination of Dr. Grayson or submit to defeat of his confirmation.

Many senators sincerely desire an extra session on general principles. Among them is La Follette of Wisconsin, who is personally capable of so adjusting his forces as to compel one if he is so minded. It would appear certain either that the Democratic leaders must yield much to the Republicans or take the responsibility for letting some of the great supply bills go over.

TEACHERS AND FRIENDS PAID LAST RESPECTS

FUNERAL OF THE LATE GEORGE D. WHITTIER HELD FROM THE UNIVERSALIST CHURCH YESTERDAY AFTERNOON

The funeral of the late George D. Whittier was held on Monday afternoon from the Universalist church and was attended by more than 200 of his friends who gathered to pay mute tribute for the esteem in which he was held. The schools were closed out of respect to the deceased, who for the past twenty-nine years had been instructor of music in Portsmouth's public schools. Many of the teachers and a large number of pupils attended the services.

The funeral service was conducted by the Rev. George E. Leighton, a former pastor of the church, previous to which a prayer was given by the Rev. E. J. Scott at the home.

The officers of St. John's Lodge, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., of which Mr. Whittier was a member, attended and held the Masonic services, assisted by the Masonic Quartet, Osmond Lodge, No. 48, I. O. O. F., with which Mr. Whittier was also affiliated, was represented by a large delegation.

The remains were placed in the receiving tomb at the South cemetery under the direction of J. Verne Wood, Ralph Walker, Freeman Garrett, Charles Meloon and James Whitney officiating as pall bearers.

OPEN NOSTRILS! END A COLD OR CATARRH

How To Get Relief When Head and Nose are Stuffed Up.

Count fifty! Your cold in head or catarrh disappears. Your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more snuffing, hawking, mucous discharge, dryness or headache; no struggling for breath at night.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist and apply a little of this antiseptic cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothing and healing the swollen or inflamed mucous membrane, giving you instant relief. Head colds and catarrh yield like magic. Don't stay stuffed-up and miserable. Relief is sure.

FORTUNE FOR COURAGEOUS SALESMAN

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 26.—After having gone to Russia to secure orders for American shoes, Arthur S. Biggerstaff of this city, representing a St. Louis house, has returned with orders totalling more than \$200,000.

When the salesman suggested an invasion of Russia, the house he represented looked with disfavor on the plan and declined to advance him expense money. He made an agreement with the house that he would go at his own expense, receiving in return a percentage of all the business he secured. His profits amount to almost \$500,000. Mr. Biggerstaff will return to Russia in the spring. He says American manufacturers could secure an almost unlimited amount of business in Russia if they were more optimistic and willing to make the proper effort to get it.

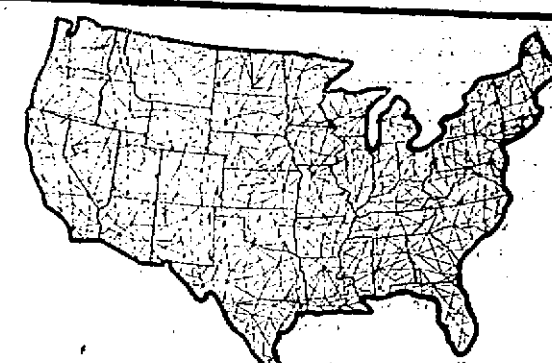
HOW UNCLE SAM PROTECTS THE INVALUABLE LIBRARIES OF THE DEPARTMENTS OF INTERIOR AND JUSTICE

Work is being rapidly completed at Washington, D. C., on the new home of the Department of the Interior to cost, when finished approximately \$2,500,000. The building itself being constructed of Indiana limestone, covers a full city block and is built along the most modern lines. The plans were drawn in the office of the Supervising Architect of the Treasury and the John H. Parker Company, of New York City are the contractors. It is the present belief of departmental officials that they will be installed in their new home about the beginning of the coming fiscal year.

The completion of this new building fills a long felt want for at the present time and for many years the various bureaus of the Department of the Interior have been scattered all over the city, making it very inconvenient to transact routine business.

In connection with the new home of the department it is interesting to note that it will house, in conjunction with the United States Geological Survey one of its bureaus, the finest and most complete library devoted solely to geological subjects in the world.

A main delivery room, two rooms for librarians and assistants and a main stack room of 71x31 feet have been allowed for this library. These rooms are being fitted with the most modern and up-to-date book shelves, map racks and magazine cases available, which are being furnished by the Art Metal Con-



The Nerves of a Nation
Western Union wires serve the country as the nerves do the human body. These wires are the nervous system of the country's business.

WESTERN UNION Service

Flashes a message here—sends money there—and all with accuracy, safety and dispatch. Varied service for every need.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO.

the legislature in its field of operations. It is full time that a reasonable and effective reform should be made in a practice which has spread to the detriment of the natural beauties of our landscape and has intruded its glaring blot upon the pleasing regularity of buildings in our cities and towns. It is an offense against the good taste of the public, a robbery of wayside attractions, a marring of the outlook upon outdoor excursions. The landscape architects speak in this matter with the authority of artistic understanding, with catholic sense. And they speak for the people.—Post.

Everybody's friends—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, the great household remedy for toothache, earache, sore throat, cuts, bruises, scalds. Sold at all drug stores, 25c and 50c.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY ORGANIZED 1824

THE BEST REASON

for placing money to your credit with the First National Bank is that your funds are secure. Be prudent—prepare for any time when you need money quickly. Start an account with us. Three per cent interest paid on Savings Accounts. Interest paid on Certificates of Deposit.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
PORTSMOUTH, N.H.

Every Swallow Makes a Friend.

You will buy MUCH BETTER whiskey than you would naturally expect at its price if you buy this SEALED AT THE DISTILLERY

BONNIE RYE

Distilled and Bottled by Bonnie Bros. at Louisville, Kentucky.

Andrew O. Caswell, Wholesale Distributor.

For Sale by O. W. PRIEST, JOSEPH SACCO, HENRY P. PAYNE.

CITY BOTTLING WORKS, 135 Penhallow St.

MATTHEW JACQUES, Vaughan Street.

FOGARTY & SCHRIEDER, Ladd Street.

Tailored Clothes

Blue Serge

For the month of February we are going to give our "old" and "new" customers a chance to buy blue serges at practically the old prices. We have only a limited amount of goods and would advise early buying.

WOOD THE TAILOR

Maker of Men's Clothes.

Wood Snow Shovels

AT

E. C. Matthews Hardware and Paint Co.

Tel. 179, 41 Pleasant Street

NO CHANCE OF PASSING LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM

Washington, Feb. 26.—Most of the Administration's programme of general legislation probably will not be enacted before adjournment of Congress next Sunday, it appeared today. Leaders were even a bit anxious about the revenue measure, and the army, navy and other appropriation bills, because of the unusual legislative congestion caused largely by the Republican filibuster on the revenue bill, which ended Saturday midnight. Legislation generally believed to have no chance of passage included railroad labor, food control, conservation, corrupt practices, public buildings and national prohibition measures. Extreme doubt was expressed over the fate of bills to amend the Federal Reserve Act, enlarged powers to the shipping board, and provide severe penalties for espionage. A lump sum allowance will be substituted for the pending rivers and harbors itemized appropriation bill, it is believed.

Prohibition for the District of Columbia, and measures relating to the food situation particularly the \$100,000 appropriation for a Federal Trade Commission investigation will be watched with special interest when they come up this week.

Whether President Wilson will call a special session of the Sixty-fifth Congress is entirely a matter of speculation at this time.

Republican leaders of the House are planning a "roundup" here on March 5 of members of their party elected to the next Congress, to discuss the speakership and other organizational questions. The idea will be submitted to the organization committee of twenty-seven tonight, and if it is approved invitations will be issued at once to 170 members of the present House and forty-five incoming members. Opinion is general among Republican leaders that Representative Mann will be nominated for Speaker without opposition, and that Representative Leonard of Wisconsin will be named floor leader if Mr. Mann is elected.

A steering committee to advise with the floor leader and keep him in touch with the sentiment of the entire House.

OUR SALE IS A REAL SALE

Our Daily Depreciation Sale Articles Found Ready Purchasers

Commencing Feb. 17, the following will be put on sale at a depreciation of 50c per day till sold.

\$26.50 Combination Book Case and Desk, reduced to \$19.75

\$25.00 Gift Folding Bed and Mattress, reduced to \$17.50

\$14.50 Brass Consumer, reduced to \$10.50

Depreciation to Start at Reduced Prices.

Visit Our 25th Anniversary Sale and Save Money.

100 27x54 in. \$1.75 Rugs, at 98c each.

Portsmouth Furniture Co.,

Cor. Deer and Vaughan Streets

Near B. & M. Depot.

MY TIRED FEET ACHED FOR "TIZ"

Let your sore, swollen, aching feet spread out in a bath of "TIZ."



Just take your shoes off and then put those weary, shoe-crinkled, aching, burning, corn-pestered, blister-tortured feet of yours in a "TIZ" bath. Your toes will wriggle with joy; they'll look up at you and almost talk and then they'll take another dive in that "TIZ" bath.

When your feet feel like lumps of lead—all tired out—just try "TIZ." It's grand—it's glorious. Your feet will dance with joy; also you will find all pain gone from corns, callouses and bunions.

There's nothing like "TIZ." It's the only remedy that draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up your feet and cause foot torture.

Get a 25 cent box of "TIZ" at any drug or department store—don't wait. Ah! how glad your feet get; how comfortable your shoes feel. You can wear shoes a size smaller if you desire.

B. & M. TO MAKE 1918 RAIL CONTRACT

Boston, Feb. 26.—James H. Hustis, temporary receiver of the Boston and Maine Railroad, was authorized by Judge James M. Morton Jr., in the United States district court today to contract for \$2,071,000 worth of rails for 1918.

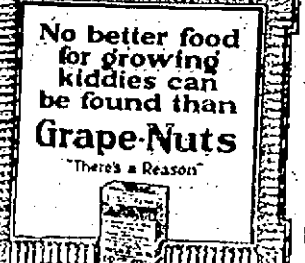
In a formal decree allowing the state of Massachusetts to intervene in the receivership proceedings Judge Morton stated that it might be heard on all petitions relating to a compromise on the \$4,000,000 claim of the Hampden railroad, the cancellation or abandonment of any contracts between the state and the road or any attempt to change the roads' freight tariff or its passenger rates.

MR. WHIPPLE'S FEES

Washington, Feb. 26.—Sherman J. Whipple of Boston will receive \$15,000 for the work of himself and assistants as counsel to the house rules committee in the peace note leak inquiry. The fee was unanimously approved today by the committee.

The total cost of the inquiry, Chairman Henry said today, would not exceed \$50,000.

Many ills come from impure blood. Can't have pure blood with faulty digestion, lazy liver and sluggish bowels. Burdock Blood Bitters is recommended for strengthening the stomach, bowels and liver and purifying the blood.



No better food for growing kiddies can be found than Grape-Nuts

"There's a Reason"

The Portsmouth Herald

Established September 23, 1884.

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FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS

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Portsmouth, N. H., Tuesday, February 27, 1917.

Sensible and Practical.

The people of a large and thrifty eastern town are contemplating a co-operative project which is of a most sensible and practical character. The time has come when the spraying of trees is essential to the production of the best fruit, and shrubs are also the prey of many insects and diseases, a fact which renders it advisable to spray them as well as the fruit trees.

But it is a good deal of a shore for a home owner to keep an outfit and bother with spraying only a few trees and shrubs, and for this reason the work is for a large part neglected. It is now suggested that the solution of this problem lies in co-operation by which experts having everything to do with could be brought into the town to do all the spraying necessary. This would make a good job for the sprayers and the cost to individuals would be light. The work would be done better than most inexperienced men would do it, the cost would be less in the aggregate and the results more satisfactory all around. At least, that is the idea of those who have suggested this movement and there is every reason to believe they are right.

We are living in a time when insect pests are more numerous than ever before, and tree and plant diseases are also on the increase. To raise almost any kind of a crop means a constant fight from the planting of the seed and blossoming of the tree to the time of harvest. Within the memory of men now living have come the cabbage worm, the currant worm and the potato bug, with many other pests too numerous to mention. This means extra work for growers of fruits and vegetables, considerable of which takes the form of spraying.

It has been demonstrated that in the production of the best fruit spraying is indispensable. Orchardists have their own equipment and do the work themselves, but this would be a good deal of bother to the owner of a few trees and shrubs, who would do much better to club with his neighbors and have the work done by men who understand the business and have the things to do with.

Co-operative spraying might well be the watchword in every community where there is need of such work. The expense would be small and the results gratifying, and the idea is one that may well be considered in every village in the land.

A Fakir From Texas.

Congressman Oscar Calloway of Texas (God help America when such men are elected to govern) delivered a bitter tirade in Tremont Temple, Boston, against everything that was American, and the strangest thing is that he was not mobbed. Free speech was never so abused as it was by this individual who claims to be an American citizen.

Referring to the fact that he was a Southerner, Congressman Calloway told of Sherman's march to the sea "trampling over American territory and the bodies of American brothers, burning Atlanta and violating every law of civilization." He told of outrages committed in the Philippines, charging that American soldiers forced water through pipes into the stomachs of natives until they were bloated to a point of bursting, disgrace and they had ill-treated and abused women and were drunk and disorderly. He charged the newspapers as being owned by the munition workers.

His speech reeked with abuse of everything that spelled America. Texas ought to be ashamed of such men as Calloway.

The Episcopalians of the country have done a remarkable piece of work in raising a fund of more than \$5,000,000 for pensioning aged and disabled clergymen of that denomination. The work was done in a short time, considering its magnitude, showing that the appeal met with a hearty reception. The outcome cannot fail to be as highly gratifying to the beneficiaries as it is creditable to the Episcopal church.

Conditions are improving. In many towns where the shortage of coal and potatoes has been very trying for some time it is now the privilege of the people to go to the station and see train loads "pass through" with all the distinction of a celebrated individual.

And now England is beginning to talk about "ruthlessness." War is rather a ruthless thing at the best, and it is a pity that the nations cannot find better ways for settling their differences.

Cheer up, the worst is yet to come if the Chicago wholesalers are right. They predict higher prices for foodstuffs before the harvesting of the next crop.

It has been "disclosed" in Washington that there are more than 100,000 foreign spies in the United States. Who took the census?

Editorial Comment

The Pinch of Food Prices

(From the Boston Transcript.)
Employment is abundant—never more so—and wages are high. Why should there be food riots in New York and murmurs in Boston? The East Side women in New York say to the mayor: "We are starving—our children are starving. We are mothers, and we want food for our children. Won't you give us food?" It is an irresistible appeal. But why should children be starving when there is plenty of work? It is an anomalous situation, an economic paradox. But the answer is not very far to seek. In our times of normal easy transportation, when, in days of peace, our granaries are perhaps 2000 miles away from us but nevertheless in easy touch—when no consumer or dealer carries a large stock of any foodstuff, but may replenish his small stock instantly from a hundred sources—there is no pinch of food supply. One's house has, as it were, a pipe line connection with every reservoir of food in the world. But let us suppose that this easy flow is interrupted by war, by blockades, by freight embargoes imposed by war conditions. Introduce panic in a million households as to the continuance of the daily supply and consequent "runs" on the local dealers—and there you have at once something very like a famine. Your food-faucet all at once does not work. Normally, high prices are exaggerated by feverish local demand. Superimpose upon that condition the narrowest margin in individual cases between the income from labor and the requisite and habitual supply of food, and, suddenly and truly, the children may be crying for bread and the mothers rioting at the city hall.

The news of such a condition as this coincides strikingly today with the presentation to Governor McCall of the report of the Cost of Living Commission appointed by him. The commission, consisting of Robert Luce, James J. Storrow, Edward P. McSweeney and Melvin T. Coblentz, reports the result of the inquiries into this large subject which it has been carrying on. The report enters into all aspects of the subject with thoroughness and breadth. Many causes, principal and contributory, are assigned. The great cause is the war in Europe. Three million workers in America have been taken away from normal production and have been bending all their energies to producing various things, chiefly munitions of war, for consumption or destruction by twenty millions of men in Europe who have for their own part been diverted from productive employments. That is to say, nearly half the workers of the world have turned aside from the tasks which go to support life and their energies diverted to destruction. No wonder the food supply languishes. Meanwhile crops have fallen short in many directions—a real scarcity in various lines. With scarcity, the abnormal buying which we have already noted has arisen. What food there is, is being "grabbed." And now another war, a possible war of our own, throws its shadow across the situation. It is no wonder that the food situation is bad. The wonder is that it is no worse.

What can be done about it all? The report of the Massachusetts Cost of Living Commission is most suggestive on this head. It gives warning of a still closer pinch to come: Times of abnormal prosperity have always been followed by times of abnormal adversity. Sooner or later there will be a reaction. Sooner or later the prospect of unemployment and consequent suffering must be faced. In such periods the suggestion is always made that the state should give relief by public works that can employ unskilled labor. The machinery for starting them at first, however, is so cumbersome that no substantial relief can be given before the need disappears. We respectfully submit that it would be wise foresight for the Legislature, for city governments, and for all public agencies that have to do with the spending of money for public undertakings, to take thought against this apparently inevitable situation.

The commission recommends a concentration of public expenditure, so far as may be, upon things that may help the people to live—the drainage of fertile swamp lands; reduction of the cost of government; a scientific planning of expenditures, state, municipal, personal; organized methods of handling and marketing foods; a reorganization of the diet of the people along more economical grounds, with a better use of fish and milk—the state a partner. In the production and supply of fish foods; a trolley freight service, lending to a retailer and better distribution of food supplies; and other things. The commission truly says: "The problem of the twentieth century is to lessen the cost of getting food, clothing, and the other necessities of life from the railroad terminal to the home with the utmost economy. There is nothing visionary in this report. It is highly to be commended for the numerous practical suggestions that it makes. Legislators and people should take them home and think them over. We may escape an autocratic food dictatorship in this country, but if we do it will be by the exercise of public foresight in some such manner as that outlined in this report. With the vision of food riots before

us, the exercise of the quality of vision in precautionary measures is quite necessary.

No More Coal Tax Laws.

(From the Harrisburg Telegraph.)
Let us have no more such foolishness as another coal tax law. The coal tax not recently declared unconstitutional caused coal prices to be advanced at least ten cents a ton. The state got none of the money. The coal companies declined to pay the tax back to the consumer and prices have not been lowered by the failure of the law to stand. Another tax on coal, fraught with similar misfortune for the consumer and most of us would go back to burning wood.

An Imaginary Letter

(From the Albany Journal.)
Potsdam, Ger., Feb. 19, 1917.
My Dear Mr. Mann—I see no reason whatsoever why I should not permit you to pursue your rightful errands in the city of Chicago in all usual ways to which you are accustomed, except for the following restrictions:
Whenever you traverse Michigan avenue, you shall walk upon the curbstone, not deflecting your course one-eighth of an inch from the edge of the curb. You will look straight ahead, neither to the right nor to the left. Upon arriving at your destination, if no violence has occurred to you by accident, you can stay there a while. Then you can return to your own home by the same route and with punctilious observance of these rules. Otherwise I cannot guarantee your safety.

Yours truly, Wilhelm II.
To the Honorable James R. Mann, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., United States of America.

To Be a Land of Little Gardens

(From the Philadelphia Public Ledger.)
Residents of Bala and Gwynedd who are planning to fill part of their acreage with the succulent potato instead of merely the unremunerative green grass are falling into line with a movement which is literally gaining ground more rapidly than a chronicler's pen can follow it. This spring is destined to see an expansion of the vegetable garden under private cultivation to an unprecedented extent. The man with the hoe instead of being a remote and isolated target of the poet or the facetious paragrapher will be domesticated in every suburban household, and even in city back yards he will be found engaged in making a dozen tomato plants grow where only the clothes-line flourished before. It is time for everybody to raise something besides prices. There is one ozone for the golf links and the garden; there is bracing exercise to be found with the rake as well as with the racket. The market-garden monopolist, keen to set a fancy price on his Jerusalem artichokes or his Brussels sprouts because Jerusalem and Brussels are involved in the war, will have to abate his exorbitant demands or home-grown green goods will flaunt their lush turgid foliage in his mercenary eyes.

Already there are extant several organizations that are doing admirable work in the direction of encouraging the plantation of all arable spaces, big or little, with vegetables and flowers for the proud amateur to tend. Here in the city we have the Vacant Lots Association, with hundreds of small plots under cultivation in the hands of farmers in little who, in the available spaces of which the city should find more and more, rival even the thrifty agriculturists of Japan and China with their tiny fields in terraces on the steep hillsides. The children in many schools under the supervision of the Board of Education and with the cooperation of the Home and School League have their own market gardens, their zealous competitions, their prize awards and periodic exhibits. Then there is the Main Line Citizens' Association, with its numerous prizes to good boys and girls who cause good things to grow. Nor do these activities tell the whole story. For many who never knew it before are finding the joy of life in the outdoor toil that rivals the blissful productivity of Eden. There's not a pair of legs so thin, there's not a head so thick, there's not a hand so weak and white, nor yet a heart so sick, but it can find some useful job that's crying to be done. For the Glory of the Garden glorifies everyone.

Fall In, Men!

(From the Cleveland Plain Dealer.)
There are 4,778,000 unmarried men fit for army duty in this country—to say nothing of quite a few married men who would be pleased to go.

Delaware Keeps Corporal Punishment

(From the Philadelphia Public Ledger news columns.)

The Delaware Senate has passed Senator Hickman's bill giving the state courts the authority to impose a sentence of less than forty lashes in cases of highway robbery. Under the present law it is mandatory upon the courts to impose a sentence of forty lashes in all such convictions. It is not likely that the present session of the Legislature will abolish the whipping post, as Representative Downward's bill to that effect was reported unfavorably by the House Committee on Crimes and Punishment, and the committee was unanimous in making the report.

One Cause of Dirty Streets

(From the Philadelphia Public Ledger.)
The reason why the passing breeze is so often thick with choking dust and rubbish is largely that one or an-

Pumping Water From Frozen French Trenches.



Russians on the French front have had weather like that they are used to at home. The trenches have been frozen several inches deep from water that seeped into them, and this photograph shows them pumping through the ice. The picture shows what means during the winter in Europe.

other of the extant statutes lies dormant in print and means nothing to somnolent officialdom. The infuriated householder breaks out in a "why-don't-they" tirade, but he lets negligent authorities continue in office and draw pay for work that is not done. If a man breaks into a house and makes war with property we define and punish his misdemeanor. If he jeopardizes public health by scattering filth we are likely to ignore the offense. Yet he may be as much of a malefactor in the second instance as in the first.

Sport of Catching Submarines.

(From the Detroit Free Press.)
The second engineer of the Mongolia retells in substance an old story when he says the British have captured 400 enemy submarines and have 187 of them chained together in Plymouth and that the Deutschland is among the snared submersibles. There is no way of ascertaining just how much of this is true, but it is a fact that photograph of the Deutschland wrapped in chains are on exhibition in Great Britain there is money in it for the person who will bring one of the pictures to this side of the Atlantic. Just as present the Germans are denying point-blank that their merchant submarine has been caught by the enemy. They say it is safe at home.

Assuming that the British have been as successful in trapping U-boats as various persons are telling us, fishing for submersibles must be a great winter sport, particularly as there are no game laws against the employment of any conceivable device for making a catch. However, two principal systems seem to be in vogue. The French are given to "spearing" from aeroplanes. As nearly as may be learned, the operators fly at considerable height until they catch sight of a possible victim. Then they dive within range and endeavor to land a bomb where it will do the most good. The British commonly employ a less spectacular method. They travel as they would for food fish. If they net a submersible they telegraph down by the Morse code to it to come up or be blown up. It is rather instructive to note how each nation employs the implements with which it is especially familiar. The French are beyond all other nations masters of the air; the British, of the seas. The British naturally must have the most to show for their efforts because of their habit of taking submersibles "alive," but there are no statistics to prove which method of operation is actually the more productive.

Fortunately Bob Was Not.
(From the Chicago News.)
Had Senator La Follette or any of the flabby five been in charge of Noah's tour they would have held the ark in port until it was too late to escape the flood.

Landed

(From the Albany Journal.)
"God knows where we will land if this country enters the war," exclaimed James R. Mann of Chicago, leader of the Republican members of the House of Representatives, in a speech delivered Feb. 16.
"God knows where we will land," said the men of Boston in 1776. "If we lose this tea into Massachusetts Bay."
"God knows where we will land," said the embattled farmers at Concord and Lexington in 1776. "If we fire the shot heard 'round the world."
"God knows where we will land," said Thomas Jefferson to John Hancock, on the Fourth of July, 1776. "If to affix our signatures in this Declaration of Independence."
"God knows where we will land," said George Washington to his officers at Valley Forge, in 1777. "If we don't

surrender before the winter is over."
"God knows where we will land," said Captain Oliver H. Perry to his next in command in 1813. "If we should happen to meet the enemy."

"God knows where we will land," said Stephen Decatur in 1816, to the captain of his flagship, as the Barbary pirates bore down upon him in the Mediterranean. "If we don't give up the ship."

"God knows where we will land," said Andrew Jackson to Martha Van Buren, "If we do not permit South Carolina to nullify the laws of the nation."

"God knows where we will land," said Abraham Lincoln to William H. Seward, when the Stars and Stripes on Fort Sumter were fired upon in April 1861. "Unless we give up the Union."

"God knows where we will land," said William McKinley to his Cabinet when the Maine went down in Havana harbor.

"God knows where we will land," Gridley, said Admiral Dewey at Manila May 1, 1898. "If you are."
God knows where the American nation will land if it does not defend its citizens in their lawful occupations or their rightful errands on the high seas, to use the words of President Wilson in his address of Feb. 3 last.
God knows where the Honorable James R. Mann has already landed!

And Will It Be That

(From the Philadelphia Public Ledger.)
Apparently to Germany we are merely one more country.

Old Home Week.

(From the Nashua Telegraph.)
It is good to note that the New Hampshire Old Home Week association is sending out notices of vital import to the towns of the state, urging those interested to see to it that proper articles are inserted in the town meeting warrants, so that if it is deemed advisable next summer to celebrate "Old Home Week" it will not be found that this legislation has been neglected.

More than a year ago this newspaper called attention to what seemed at the time to be a lessening of the interest in Old Home Week celebration. It was then pointed out that the number of towns holding such celebrations was less than had been the case during the first year that the genuinely good idea of the late Governor Rollins had been taken up. It was also pointed out at the time that the idea, starting in New Hampshire, had come to be almost world wide.

In his notice just issued President Henry H. Metcalf has the following to say:
"The Old Home spirit is by no means dying out in New Hampshire, as some have predicted would be the case. On the contrary, there was a more general observance of the festival last year than had been the case for several years past. This year a still greater interest is hoped for and anticipated."
This is as it should be. Let the observance of Old Home Week this year exceed all of those which have gone before.

Dr. Greene.

(From the Rochester Courier.)
The late Dr. Jared Alonzo Greene was a picturesque figure in New Hampshire and in a business way was a public spirited citizen, albeit his influence in politics was scarcely a whole-some one. He was one of the pioneers in the advertising game and was an expert at it. When asked once if Greene's Nervina was really a good remedy, Dr. Greene is alleged to have replied, that it had certainly benefited him. Which was an incontrovertible fact.

RECEIVERSHIP IS MADE PERMANENT

United States Court Finds No Evidence of Fraud in B. & M. Case.

Boston, Feb. 27.—The receivership of the Boston & Maine railroad was made permanent by the federal district court yesterday. Judge Morton, in announcing his decision, which followed hearings that lasted several weeks, stated that there was not the slightest foundation for the charges of fraud made against the present board of directors by minority stockholders.

The protesting minority interests were characterized by the court as "a comparatively small but contentious group, who appear to have resorted to charges of 'fraud' or of 'breach of duty' in an effort to obscure the exact nature of their real complaint."

"The case presents to my mind," said Judge Morton, "nothing but an acute difference of opinion upon a matter of business policy and action between the directors and the owners of an overwhelming majority of the stock on one side, and a comparatively small and contentious group of minority stockholders on the other."

The road has been in temporary receivership, with James H. Hustis, its president, acting as receiver, since August 20. Receivership was brought about through petition of the Intercontinental Rubber company of New Jersey, a creditor, to which the road's directors assented. It was admitted by counsel for the railroad that the directors and their attorneys had assisted in drawing up the bill of complaint, which asserted that the road's finances were in such difficulties that court assistance was necessary.

"It is said by the objecting minority," the opinion continued, "that one purpose which the directors had in mind in bringing about a receivership was to accomplish a re-organization of the company; that most of the directors have expressed approval of a certain plan of re-organization; that this plan is grossly unfair to the common stockholders of the respondent railroad, and that a receivership is asked for as a means of coercing them into acceptance of it."

"The proposed plan of re-organization is in no sense fraudulent; under it, the objecting stockholders are treated exactly like all other common stockholders. They object to it, not because of inequality or discrimination in the treatment accorded them, but because in their judgment the respondent railroad can go on without a re-organization. It is not to be overlooked that under a receivership the affairs of a corporation are, to a considerable extent, under the control of the court and it is at least probable that the power of the court could be so exercised as to prevent an oppressive and unjust re-organization, if that were attempted."

"The management of a corporation rests with the owners of the majority of the stock. So long as they act honestly, they are entitled to carry out their judgment on business questions which arise, and in business difficulties to take such course as they deem best."

"Whether the directors alone had power, without express authority from the stockholders, to initiate proceedings looking to the appointment of receivers and to the transfer of the corporation's property from its own hands to those of a receiver, it is not necessary to determine, because what the directors did in that respect was fully and completely ratified by the stockholders."

CONCORD CROOK IDENTIFIED

Finger Prints Show That He Served Time in the Federal Prison.

Concord, Feb. 26.—The identity of the mysterious Allenstown crackman arrested on January 30 while attempting to force a safe in the store of Pennell Brothers, was solved today when advices were received by the Concord police to the effect that his finger prints were found to be those of John Hanson alias John A. Anderson who has done time in the federal prison at Atlanta, Ga., for breaking into a Vermont postoffice.

The prisoner's finger prints were sent to the Leavenworth, Kansas, federal penitentiary by Police Officer Edward Silva, after the robber had steadfastly refused to reveal his identity. Today the desired information came from Kansas.

Hanson, the western prison authorities said, was committed to Atlanta from Windsor, Vt., on June 5, 1914, for a three year term. He was released on Sept. 14, 1916, with the customary time out for good behavior.

At one time after his arrest, Hanson solemnly confided to his keepers at the Merrimack county jail here, that he was an inventor by profession and that his name was "Thomas A. Edison, of Orange, N. J." The local authorities did not dispute the "inventor's" statements, but had some doubts concerning the name.

PORTSMOUTH FISH CO.

TELEPHONE 760

During the Lenten Season we shall keep constantly on hand The Best of

Cod,
Haddock, Halibut,
Smelts,
Oysters, Clams,
Salt Mackerel,
Salt Herring,
Smoked Herring,
Slack Salted Pollock and
Codfish.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE AT EXETER

A teachers' institute of the Rockingham County Teachers' Association will be held at the Robinson Seminary, Exeter, on Friday of this week, and the local schools will be closed so that the teachers may attend.

The following is the program:
General Session—9.45, Opening exercises, business, Rockingham County Association; 10.00, teacher and pupil, Mr. E. W. Butterfield, deputy superintendent; 10.35, "Aims in Education," Mr. H. F. Taylor, superintendent, Manchester; 11.10, "The Plan and Purpose of the Modern School," by the State superintendent.

The numerous section meetings will open at 1.30. Each of these sections will be a round-table conference through the afternoon.

A.—Grades 1-6—"Language," by Mr. Taylor; (a) Reading, 1.30, (b) Arithmetic, 2.45, according to the State program, Miss Catherine A. Dole, Superintendent, Hanover.

B.—Grades 7-8.—The Junior High School in Claremont, Mr. W. H. Clayton, Superintendent; (a) Elementary Science in VII-VIII; (b) Junior High Mathematics, Mr. Walter H. Fletcher, State Normal School, Keene.

C.—Grades 9-12.—French, Mr. Marc S. Brooks, Superintendent, Exeter. This section will be essentially a period of drill and study in pronunciation. Mr. Brooks was for many years head of the modern language department in the Brookline, Mass., high school.

English, Mr. Butterfield; Practical Arts, Mr. George H. Whitaker, Deputy State Superintendent.

1.30, A. Domestic Arts; 2.30, B. Commerce; 3.30, C. Mechanical Arts; 4.30, D. Agriculture.

MORE BRITISH SHIPS SUNK

(Special to The Herald)
London, Feb. 27.—The British ship *Itadley*, 4,563 tons, and the British steamer *Arle*, 3,071 tons, have been sunk in the zone waters. It was announced here today.

COLONIAL

Today 2.15, 7, 9

All Seats This Afternoon, 10c

Last Times Today

"HERO OF SUBMARINE D-2"

Thrilling and Timely Photoplay.

"PEARL OF THE ARMY"

SNAPPY VAUDEVILLE

Tomorrow--The Broadway Star

EDMUND BREESE

In the Metro Wonderplay

"THE WEAKNESS OF STRENGTH"

Happiness or Power? Which do you choose?

VALUED GIFT TO SONS OF VETERANS

MRS. THOMAS A. HARRIS PRESENTS LOCAL CAMP WITH SILK BANNER AT MEETING HELD LAST EVENING.

The gift of a beautiful silk banner to the Captain Thomas Ashton Harris Camp, No. 3, Sons of Veterans, by Mrs. Harris, widow of the heroic veteran for whom the camp was named, was made at the regular meeting on Monday evening, Commander M. H. Bell of Storer Post No. 1, G. A. R., making the presentation address, and Commander Edward H. Adams of the Camp accepting the gift. The presentation was made following the regular meeting of the newly organized Camp, and the members highly appreciated the gift which will be one of its most valued possessions. It will be used on occasions when the Camp appears in parades or any other marches.

The camp had as its guests for the occasion Storer Post and Storer Relief Corps. Several addresses were made among the speakers being Commander Adams of the Sons of Veterans, Commander Bell of Storer Post, Past Commander Charles E. Dodge, and Adjutant Henry S. Paul. A short informal musical program was presented, including selections on a violin, and refreshments consisting of ice cream and cake were served by a committee under the direction of senior vice commander Martin E. Tilley.

Mr. Bell in making the presentation said—

Commander, officers and comrades of Captain Thomas Ashton Harris Camp No. 3, Sons of Veterans, comrades of Storer Post No. 1, ladies of Storer Relief Corps No. 6, friends:

A double honor has been conferred upon me this evening, and I feel how inadequate I am to perform the duties assigned and which devolve upon me, I therefore bespeak your forbearance.

In the first place allow me to congratulate upon the happy selection of the name which this camp bears; you have indeed honored yourselves in the adoption of such a brave son of our city, an intense patriot, a man who was proud of his country and the city of his birth, and when the time came he exhibited in a marked degree this noble trait.

Captain Harris was born in this city June 13th, 1824, and was by occupation a banker. He first entered the United States service, May 27, 1861, at Brooklyn, N. Y., as acting master, U. S. N., assigned to the U. S. S. *Penguin*; promoted acting volunteer lieutenant, on April 27, 1863. He was discharged from the U. S. service, October 24, 1866, by reason of termination of hostilities.

Among the many engagements participated in by Captain Harris, may be mentioned: Attack on Mill Point, April 14, 1865, for which he received promotion as acting volunteer lieutenant "for gallant conduct in face of the enemy."

It was in this engagement that he came in contact with the boys of Co. G, 10th New Hampshire Volunteers and of Co. K, 13th New Hampshire Volunteers. Both of these companies were recruited from this city. The greetings exchanged on that occasion after the successful capture of the Confederate batteries, between the brave and gallant captain and the comrades of this city will never be forgotten, and after the close of the war, it always was a source of delight with the captain to refer to this pleasant episode. Among the comrades referred to there are survivors and comrades of Storer Post, of Co. G, Marston, Bell, Hoyt, Sheridan; of Co. K, 13th, Comrades Paul, Berry, Whitely, Stevens.

During the service of Captain Harris he commanded no less than seven U. S. warships—that of the "Stepping Stones" at the attack on Mill Point, his period of service in the U. S. navy extended 5 years, 2 months and 4 days, truly a brave record of imperishable fame, worthy of him and of which his fellow citizens are justly proud.

He was mustered into Storer Post, No. 1, July 2, 1890 (as commander). He died June 26, 1893, aged 69 years and 14 days. With his brother, Captain Robert Harris, they jointly presented to Storer Post in 1892, a lot at Harmony Grove cemetery (Proprietors) as a memorial to be forever devoted to the burial of comrades, not otherwise provided for. The three brothers, Robert, Thomas and Louis Harris, were all staunch and loyal comrades of the Post.

Not alone locally, but while serving as the agent and representing the Pacific Mail and Steamship Corporation, for seven years after the Civil war on his departure for the United States, he was presented by the board of trade of Hongkong, China, with a beautiful illuminated banner with the complimentary inscription of the high estimation he was held in by the merchants of Hongkong. This occurred April 11, 1874.

It is therefore, that I am justly proud of this opportunity to pay this tribute to the memory of my personal friend and comrade. For much of the foregoing data I am indebted to our Historian of Storer Post, Comrade Admiral Joseph Foster, who I regret is not able to be present, being for the winter, a resident of Washington, D. C., and would have been far able to have given you the personal history of your devoted namesake.

The second honor as intimated is now to be enacted. The estimable and no less patriotic widow of the gallant and brave captain, recognizing the very great honor bestowed upon her

late husband and yourselves, desirous of making this recognition known to you, lately summoned your commander and myself to her residence to confer with them regarding the presentation of a costly camp flag, to be borne in street parades whenever you are called upon to do so. It is hardly necessary for me to say that it met our hearty approval and an order at once was issued to the leading manufacturer of this country. The same has arrived, and now Commander Adams as the representative and in behalf of Mrs. Mary Pickering Harris, the worthy, patriotic, generous donor, I place in your hands this noble emblem of the greatest nation in the whole world, to you and to the members of this organization, our living and sole heirs of the Grand Army of the Republic, I entrust it to your honor, loyalty and fidelity, not with fear of its ever being dishonored, but with the assurance that, if there should be a time, then that every member of this glorious patriotic organization, will protect it even with their lives.

Oh, beautiful flag of the nation, That we have loved for many a year, You've been carried in the arms of sorrow And bathed in the fountain of tears.

We have stood on the tops of the mountains And down in the Valley of Death Oh, beautiful flag We love you at the best.

God bless the flag of the nation, Long may it continue to wave, Over the graves of our heroes And the homes that they have saved.

OLYMPIA THEATRE NOTES

Money talks these days. Patty Arbuckle is about to start making comedies for the Paramount Pictures Corporation.

Never before in motion pictures as at the present time, has there been such an exodus of stars from one concern to the other.

In many of the foremost companies we see new names, unknown to the motion picture public.

It is evident that by employing these new stars, who have talent, as much talent as some of our best stars, which has but to be developed, will be a big step in dispensing with the enormous and outrageous salaries many of the leading players are now receiving.

In view of the inclement weather Monday, a large attendance was the rule at this theatre.

An excellent bill, headed by "The Smugglers" with Donald Brian was presented.

Donald Brian is a well known musical comedy star and his antics in "The Smugglers" brought forth much laughter.

Bessie Love was featured in "The Helress at Coffee Inn's," a Triangle Fine Arts production.

Francis Bushman and Beverly Bayne were seen in the third episode of Metro's great \$1,000,000 super-serial, "The Great Secret."

This episode entitled "The Hidden Hand," is unusually exciting and is replete with surprises.

We must comment on the work of Wee Wee, Bushman's Chinese Valet.

Of course "he" is comedy and it is something new and different.

This bill will be shown tonight at 7 and 9.15.

CLERGY AT THE FUNERAL

The funeral of Rev. J. H. V. Millette, the senior Catholic priest of the diocese of Manchester took place at Nashua and was held from St. Aloysius church. The following clergy officiated: Bishop of the Manchester diocese sang the pontifical high mass. He was assisted by the Very Rev. Thomas M. O'Leary, V. G. P. R., of Concord. The Rev. J. A. Chevalier of Manchester and Rev. Matthew Crenner of Nashua acted as deacons of honor. The Rev. J. H. Riley of Newmarket was deacon of the mass, the Rev. J. J. Richard of Nashua, sub-deacon and the Rev. J. S. Buckley, rector of St. Joseph's Cathedral, was master of ceremonies. Other assistants were the priests of the diocese who were educated at St. Aloysius church under the late Rev. Fr. Millette.

SEN. GALLINGER ILL AT CAPITAL

Washington, Feb. 26.—Senator Gallinger who has been confined to his bed with a severe attack of grippe for the last week was said at midnight to be much improved.

Senator Gallinger has been in bed for five days with a severe grippe cold. His condition was so serious that his physician refused to permit even his closest personal and political friends to see him. The telephone to the Gallinger apartment is still cut off and no one is allowed to approach the apartment to make inquiry.

Owing to the senator's age he will be 80 years old in March, and his run-down condition from continued hard work, his physicians took every precaution to prevent serious consequences.

TO LET—A nice slightly room with bath, hot and cold water, a grand location for spring and summer, near Haven park, a few steps from the P. O. No one but reliable people need apply. B. Herald Office. h 127, 1w

LIGHTHOUSE SERVICE UNDER ARMS

Tenders and Lighthouses to Be Used for War Purposes.

Washington, Feb. 27.—The department of commerce was speeding up today in various bureaus. One of the first acts being the drafting of a regulation rendering the lighthouse service useful to the government in the event of hostility. By an act of Congress last August the president can by requisition all of the boats of the service. There are twenty buoy tenders and these already have been equipped for minelaying. By today's regulation they are to be held for instant service. Steps have also been taken to secure an appropriation of \$250,000 to equip the lighthouses with wireless and telephones. Legislation making the coast redoubt survey and the fishery service all numbering a hundred boats available, is also urged.

DEATH OF AMERICAN WOMEN MAY BE AN OVERT ACT

(Continued from Page One.)

was mute evidence that the campaign of ruthlessness forecasted by the German's unrestricted warfare was to be carried out to the limit. No matter what the outcome of the new incident official circles were absolutely confident that not late than next week American merchant ships armed with heavy guns and with experienced gunners will have resumed their regular routes on the Atlantic and this, too, it is said, whether Congress grants to the President all of the authority he has asked for or not.

FRENCH MUNITION DEPOT DESTROYED

Berlin, via Saville, Feb. 27.—Two hundred persons were killed, 700 wounded and 80,000 tons of ammunition was destroyed by the blowing up of a French munition factory near Paris, says a dispatch from a Swiss source.

NEW HEAD FOR UNIFORM RANK, P. OF P.

Henry C. Milburn Elected Brigade General—Large Gathering of Knights.

Laconia, Feb. 26.—Over 100 officers of the New Hampshire Brigade Uniform rank, Knights of Pythias, gathered at the Knights of Pythias hall here today for a meeting called to elect a general to command the brigade.

Major General William H. Leamist of Grand Rapids, Mich., commander of the Uniform Rank of the United States was present and presided at the meeting and Captain Henry C. Milburn of Manchester was selected to serve as brigade general to succeed Gen. Dana Fellows of Franklin who retires by limitation.

For any pain, burn, scald or bruise, apply Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—the household remedy. Two sizes, 25c and 50c at all drug stores.

Attend the city charter hearing on Friday night.

Looks quiet along the navy yard water front.

Cold Spring Farm

GREENLAND, N. H.
BABY'S MILK
New Hampshire Inspected.

Produced Under Hygienic Conditions from Tuberculin Tested Cows

And Licensed by the New Hampshire State Board of Health.

Nothing but milk from our own herd bottled in our milkroom is ever sold under our Baby's Milk Caps.

We average to produce 35 per cent of our entire output.

Our plant is open for inspection at all times, and visitors are welcome at Cold Spring Farm.

CHAS. H. BRACKETT

Letters from the People

To the Citizens of the Town of Kittery and to the Voters especially—

A few years ago, or be correct, in 1900, a certain young man thought it time to build a home and after looking around he decided that Kittery would be a good place to live on account of its beauties endowed by nature and its future possibilities. He built the house and the taxes on that house in 1901 were \$13.75. The taxes on the same house in 1916 were \$41.15.

Why is this so? Let us go back 15 years and see what we had in town to be taxed for at that time. Did we have street lights throughout the town? Did we have good water throughout the town? Did we have hydrants? Did we have a first class fire department? Did we have sidewalks? Did we have a decent piece of road in town? And how about your schools, did we have the modern building called the Shapleigh school? Did you have the Mitchell school? Did you have the Train Academy? All of these schools are modern and built within fifteen years.

Does it look to you as though the old town was going back? Perhaps some of the people that have located here in the past year or two do not know of these things. Perhaps they think the taxes are high, but are they? The assessed value of real estate is approximately one-third of its real value (see Town Report 1916). The tax rate for 1916 is \$29 which makes a tax of about \$10 on a thousand full valuation. Where is there a town that can compare, considering the privileges and improvements that Kittery has? Portsmouth's tax rate is \$23.50 per thousand full valuation.

Some of your former selectmen will tell you that this young man was one of the worst fellows about his tax. Two years ago this man was elected to serve as one of your assessors, and after two years in office he wants to say right here that all improvements that require an expenditure of money must necessitate an increase in the tax rate.

To whom are we indebted for the foregoing improvements in the town of Kittery in the last fifteen years? I ask you, Mr. Voter, is it not to the Republican party and the town officials that have served under their banner during those years? Is it not your duty to go to the polls on March 12th and support the whole ticket this party will present you, the true Citizens ticket?

Respectfully,
C. P. HUSSKEY.

Kittery, Me., Feb. 27, 1917.

Says I's a Glenn Slate

Kittery Me., Feb. 27.

Editor: As a voter for many years in the town of Kittery and one acquainted with the movements of politicians, I cannot help admiring the selection of candidates for town offices made at the citizens meeting on Monday evening. Each and every candidate has the respect of the people of the town and would, if elected, fill the several positions with credit. They are not connected with any political ring and if the merits of each are to be considered, they cannot help but get the majority of votes.

It's a clean slate. Mr. Voter, and the rest is up to you.

VOTER SINCE 1888.

REBELS DRIVEN FROM BAYAMO

Cuban Revolutionists Lose Heavily in Fight With Federals.

Havana, Feb. 27.—Government troops today captured Bayamo, fifty miles northwest of Santiago, the rebel stronghold and drove the revolutionists from the streets in a series of savage engagements. Both sides were equipped with machine guns and the losses were heavy.

NAVY NOTES

Speaks at Dover
Chaplain George E. T. Stevenson of the navy speaks at Dover tonight. His subject will be: "Around the World With the Atlantic Fleet."

Taken by Naval Reserve

The steamship *Esparta*, owned by the United Fruit Co., has been selected for the American Naval Reserve, and her officers and crew have enlisted. Before the ship leaves Boston for Cuba and Central America she will be fitted with wireless. Captain H. L. McKay now ranks as lieutenant-commander and will be paid \$250 per month while in the government service, and \$250 per year as a retainer when not in service. This retainer is to be raised each year until at the end of 16 years he will be paid \$500 per annum, and at the expiration of 20 years will receive a bonus of \$2000. Subordinate officers receive sums in proportion to their rating.

Itching, bleeding, protruding or blind piles have yielded to Doan's Ointment. 50c at all stores.

JUST RECEIVED

Some very pretty models in the New Spring and Summer Styles of Suits and Coats and placed them on sale. You will save money if you buy now.

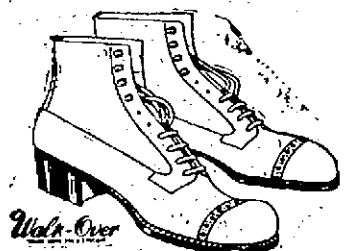
A small deposit will hold them until wanted.

Final Clearance Sale of All Winter

Suits, Coats, Furs and Dresses at less than wholesale cost.

The Siegel Store Co.,

Phone 520. 57 Market Street
THE STORE OF QUALITY FOR THE PEOPLE.



SOMETHING NEW

We've just added a new Walk-Over model for men—the "Comfort."

Fine vici kid stock, lace cut, O'Sullivanized heels. It is made extra wide through the ball, yet is a neat and shapely shoe. Men who want comfort as well as style should ask for Number 4255.

N. H. BEANE & CO.,

5 Congress Street. 22 High Street.

NOTICE

Our Smoke and Water Sale

WILL COMMENCE

Saturday at 8.30 A. M.

Our entire stock of merchandise, consisting of Dry and Fancy Goods, has been slightly damaged by smoke and water, and has to be sold out at once.

PRICES NOT CONSIDERED.

M. SALDEN'S Store

149 Congress Street.

IF YOU WANT

Newspaper Advertising Information

Newspaper Advertising Suggestions

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ALL YOU NEED TO DO IS TO PHONE, WRITE OR SEE THE

Herald-Chronicle. Phone 37.

WOULD GIVE \$6,000,000 TO RELIEVE FOOD SHORTAGE

Senator Borah Asks Large Federal Appropriation to be Expended for Food for Sufferers in this Country

Washington, Feb. 26.—Appropriation of \$6,000,000 for Federal relief in the present food situation and future investigation to devise better marketing and distribution methods was proposed in a resolution introduced today by Senator Borah of Idaho. Action upon the resolution was deferred.

Expenditure of the money at the discretion of the President was proposed by Senator Borah, who had his resolution left on the table to be called up later. It would authorize the President to spend any part of the sum "to give aid to local authorities in furnishing food and clothing to those now actually suffering" and for such general action as the President may deem necessary to relieve "want or hunger" now existing.

Investigation of the causes of rising prices and whether violation of the anti-trust laws is involved is proposed.

May Block Food Inquiry

Because of lack of confidence in the Federal Trade Commission, the Tammany Democrats in the House agreed today to oppose the resolution to appropriate \$400,000 for a nation-wide food shortage investigation. The New York members declared that, for all of the fact President Wilson has advocated the passage of the resolution, they would support Congressman Fitzgerald of New York who has been consistent in his opposition to the measure. An attempt will be made to line up all members of the House from the large cities.

The activity of the Tammany Democrats caused concern on the part of Administration leaders who realize that only a most perfect adjustment of the legislative machinery will make possible the passage of essential bills before the end of the session. The New move contrary to the programme out-

lined may prevent the passage of these measures and necessitate an extra session. It is worthy of note that the situation in the House, complicated as it is, is not nearly so delicate as that in the Senate, where any move by the Republican minority will command undivided attention.

As a result of the situation, the Administration leaders watched anxiously for any move by the New York Democrats or by the liquor forces opposed to the bill providing for prohibition for the District of Columbia, which is quite sure to cause a fight. Above all, they waited for the address President Wilson will deliver to Congress this afternoon.

All phases of the food situation, production, manufacture and distribution as well as restraint upon trade which may be made the occasion for criminal proceedings will be investigated by the Federal Trade Commission. If the Senate does approve the appropriation of \$400,000, the investigation would be undertaken in all parts of the country simultaneously. The accountants and experts will be set to work on the economic phase of the situation. The commissioners will individually hold hearings in a number of cities. At the same time special attorneys and investigators will gather and prepare information which may be used as evidence to be submitted to grand juries by the Department of Justice or brought to the attention of the courts by the commission itself. The general plan of the inquiry is as follows:

"We propose first to have our economic investigators gather and assemble the information that has already been compiled; we also expect to conduct economic investigations which will require accountants, a good many

of them in the same manner we would conduct any economic investigation.

"We expect also to hold hearings in different parts of the country, which individual commissioners will attend with the necessary attorneys and examiners with a view to getting knowledge of the distributive or productive conditions or problems first hand.

"A third division of the work which we contemplate is that of looking to the ascertainment of any artificial restraints upon trade that may exist in violation of either the law which we are required to enforce or the law which the Department of Justice is clothed with the enforcement of. The idea being to conduct that investigation simultaneously and coincident with the economic investigation.

Scope of the Inquiry

"In outlining the scope of the inquiry as suggested by the President we made a list of the subjects we thought ought to be covered in order to make it properly comprehensive.

First—Stock and meats, and that includes an investigation into stock raising, the selling of cattle, the packing of meats, the transportation of cattle and the transportation of meats, the wholesale distribution of meats, the retail distribution of meats and any possible combinations in any way of those different stages or between several stages also storage.

Second—Dairy products—milk, butter and cheese.

Third—Poultry and eggs, including cold storage.

Fourth—Fish.

Fifth—Cereals and milling products, which includes wheat, corn and other cereals; flour, wheat elevators, combinations of wheat elevators, and the various food stuffs manufactured, such as artificial flours.

Sixth—Vegetable oils, cottonseed oil, olive oil and soy bean oil.

Seventh—Perishable fruits, including deciduous fruits and citrus fruits, apples, pears, strawberries and other berries, oranges, grapefruit and peaches. The estimated value of citrus fruits alone last year was \$100,000,000.

Eighth—Sugar, canned goods, canned vegetables, corn, tomatoes, beans and peas.

Ninth—Perishable vegetables, potatoes, onions, cabbage and turnips.

Tenth—Ice.

"We estimated that the relative importance of these was about as follows, and we proposed, in a general way, to divide up the investigations into five parts and place one good man in charge under the general supervision of the commission, of each one of them:

Meat Products First

First—Meat products. Second—Dairy products—butter, milk, condensed milk, cheese; and this division includes also poultry and eggs, fish and similar foodstuffs.

Third—Perishable fruits, apples, pears, peaches, plums, lemons, oranges and grapefruit.

Each of these first three would be coordinated because they all have to do with the problem of cold storage and ice. Under three we also thought we would place perishable vegetables and canned vegetables, and under perishable vegetables would be potatoes, onions and cabbage, and under canned goods tomatoes, corn, peas, etc.

Fourth—Cereals and milling, wheat, barley and flour.

This also includes an investigation into the price of bread. Congressman Rainey has recently filed with our commission and with the Secretary of Agriculture what practically amounts to a complaint of unfair competition as to the price of bread. That of itself is a large undertaking. This division would also include manufactured foodstuffs, such as breakfast foods, and the like. We estimate that to cover all of that field and do it with thoroughness would cost \$150,000.

Fifth—Sugar, salt, jams, tea and coffee; generally speaking, the condiments, and also vegetable oils.

"We have gathered a great many facts in connection with sugar; so that reduces the item considerably. We have also some facts on cottonseed oil

CROSS, FEVERISH CHILD IS BILIOUS OR CONSTIPATED

Look, Mother! If tongue is coated give "California Syrup of Figs."

Every mother realizes, after giving her children "California Syrup of Figs," that this is their ideal laxative, because they love its pleasant taste and it thoroughly cleanses the tender little stomach, liver and bowels without griping.

When cross, fretful, feverish or breath is bad, stomach sour, look at the tongue, mother! If coated, give a teaspoonful of this harmless "fruit laxative" and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. When its little system is full of cold, throat sore, has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, indigestion, colic—remember, a good "inside cleansing" should always be the first treatment given.

Millions of mothers keep "California Syrup of Figs" handy; they know a teaspoonful today saves a sick child tomorrow. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups printed on the bottle. Beware of counterfeiters sold here, so don't be fooled. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company."

and we have considerable facts upon fruit, and also on dairy products."

The Commission has also conferred with the Department of Agriculture, and will not only have access to information gathered by that department, but the latter will cooperate in making the investigation.

"The intent of this inquiry," said Mr. Davies, "is to go further than the Department of Justice investigation, and to investigate the broader aspects of the question, as the President's letter points out. Our investigation may show that there are some artificial restraints on trade with which we have the power to deal.

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Miller, formerly with Columbus, and Joe Harris from Chattanooga, to Washington for the training season. Gulsch finished the season with the Indians last year and he was a .236 hitter with Portland, Miller, who is a clean-cut performer, hit .341, according to his last minor league average, and Joe Harris was strong with the stick in the Southern league, hitting for .309.

In the pitching the Fohl will try out three newcomers in South, petty and Dickerson. Smith was with New Orleans last season and worked in 42 games, winning 23 and losing 13. Petty from San Antonio, was a newcomer to that club when taken up by Cleveland, but is heralded as real pitching three. Dickerson secured from Columbus won three and lost 9 games in the American Association, but his Dixie league record of 11 straight victories and no defeats speaks well for his chances. Joe Hoehling, secured from Washington, and Al Gould, the diminutive hurler from Davenport are looked upon as valuable bolstering for the Indian pitching staff. Hoehling should win a regular berth and pitch in his turn for Fohl and if Guy Morton's arm has rounded into shape again, as reports say, he will be good for many victories. Hagby, Coumbe, Klepper, Coyle and Lambeth complete the staff.

Allison from New Orleans finished the 1916 season with the Indians and will play the utility outfield role this year, with Speaker, Ito and Graney doing regular duty.

In O'Neil, Fohl has one of the best catchers in either league and Billings and Daly are the reserve.

All in all, the Indians look like an outfit that will bear watching for there is no telling what such a club may do as they proved last season. They look like factors from this distance.

Which is the most valuable asset to a ball club—a great pitcher or a great hitter?

Here is a question that may be argued pro and con from morning until night, and many reasons can be advanced from both ends of the argument.

But if you want to take a salary basis for it, the argument will end in favor of the great hitter for the club owners prove it by the salaries they pay.

Take the great batters of the game, Speaker, Cobb, Chase, Wagner, Jackson and others. Speaker, Cobb and Wagner have for a number of years been the highest salaried players in the game, and whenever it comes to a question of squeezing the biggest salary out of the pocketbooks of a club owner, the great offensive player has the best chance. The managers are willing to pay more money for the offensive star than they will part with for a player whose main value is his defensive strength, for baseball is a game where defensive playing is the most difficult and whenever a player shines above his fellows in attacking power, he can command the larger salary every time.

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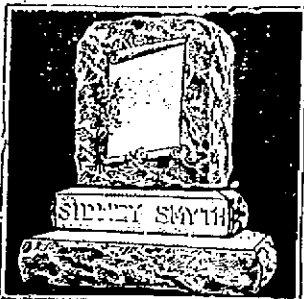
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TURKISH ARMY IN RETREAT

BRITISH WIN BACK KUT-EL-AMARA THE POSITION WHERE TOWNSEND MADE HEROIC STAND.

London, Feb. 26.—Kut-El-Amara has been recaptured by British forces. Chancellor of the Exchequer Andrew Bonar Law made the announcement this afternoon in the House of Commons.

He said the Turkish garrison was in full retreat.

"The whole enemy's positions at Sand-Al-Yai and Kut-El-Amara have been secured," the Mesopotamian statement announced. "Kut itself is automatically ours."

A statement from the British Mesopotamian expeditionary force Sunday night had in a measure prepared England for the long-expected and devoutly wished for victory at Kut. It was then stated that the Turks in the city had been practically surrounded.

Kut-El-Amara held a sentimental value to England because it was the scene of Gen. Townshend's heroic stand against the Turkish forces early in the war.

He held out months against the foe until starvation set in and his forces were so reduced by privation that he was forced to capitulate.

German Retreat Gives British Six Square Miles

London, Feb. 26.—The greatest gain of territory since the battle of the Marne, with its terrible sacrifices of troops, has just been achieved by the British—and with practically no losses. Field Marshal Haig's men now have Bagdad almost within their grasp.

The troops of Crown Prince Rupprecht have abandoned a section of territory of probably six square miles in extent. Retirement by the Germans from Bagdad, an important strategic point is now confidently predicted here. For two years British troops have pointed increasingly toward this position.

Even winter's snows and frosts have not stilled the methodical bombardment of German positions.

By bit Haig's troops have worn away the German morals and battered the enemy trenches.

One week ago the British drove forward sensationally northwest of Lesau and near Petit Miraumont. At that time it was pointed out that the Germans' strategic position after this fresh British advance was such that a retreat was likely. It was not expected, however, that the retreat would be carried out without a desperate effort by

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the enemy to straighten out the "kink" in the line put there by the advance of Feb. 17.

But front dispatches today indicated a withdrawal with hardly a blow struck. A few machine gun sounds were left, with snipers, to harass the advancing forces, but these were quickly stifled.

The full extent of the retirement has not been yet revealed by reconnoitering parties. Preliminary information, however, discloses that British forces are now within four miles of Bagdad.

Battle de Wailencourt, Serre, Tys, Miraumont and Petit Miraumont—all are in British hands. All have witnessed some of the most bloody fighting on the western front.

14 Killed in Fall of French Airship

Berlin, Feb. 26 via London.—Fourteen men were killed by the destruction of the French airship reported in yesterday's official communication to have been brought down by the German defensive fire. Additional details regarding this incident were given out here officially today as follows:

"The French airship brought down on Friday night was set ablaze by our anti-aircraft fire. It fell in flames near Weferdingen, west of Sarreguemine (in Lorraine). When it landed the ammunition which it carried exploded. The crew, consisting of 14 men, were killed. The damage to the airship does not prevent ascertaining the details of its construction."

British Surprise Attacks Repulsed

Berlin, Feb. 26 via London.—Feb. 26.—In several sections of New Hampshire, the Republican senate leader, is confined to his home here with grippe. Physicians said Saturday night that the senator's illness was not serious, but that on account of his age, he would be kept quiet for several days. Senator Gallinger is in his 80th year.

There is a strike threatened by the employees of the fishing fleet of the New England ports. They are picking a nice time. Too bad some of the strikers aren't threatened with being hanged.

Representative Gallaway of Texas doesn't think a great deal of the soldiers and sailors of America. On the other hand it is quite likely that the soldiers and sailors think less than that of the great (?) statesman.

with its fire stations, and from the city stables and this could be used for the enrichment of the land. At present Mr. Levi J. Proctor is caretaker at the city farm, and his practical knowledge could be put to the preparation of the land and also to having a supervision of the planted area, in order that there might be no thieving. The ground should be made ready for the tillers, and this cost charged up to them. After the plowing the lots will have to be divided, giving to each applicant an equal amount of ground to be tilled.

As soon as the city makes it known that it will do this for the public there will be such a rush of applicants as is not conceivable at this time, we believe, judging from the interest that has been aroused in the plan. Provided 1,000 lots are set aside for cultivation this will mean that at least 4000 people will be provided with potatoes, onions, cabbages, beets, carrots, corn, tomatoes, beans, peas, lettuce, radishes and other products of the soil in sufficient quantity to provide for their wants in the line of vegetables for months, and this means that there will be just this number of months less to be fed by other sources. Carry out this plan and the cry of "Back to the land" will be pregnant with meaning, and replete with happiness and contentment for thousands of Manchester people.

SENATOR GALLINGER ILL AT WASHINGTON.

Washington, Feb. 26.—Senator Jacob H. Gallinger of New Hampshire, the Republican senate leader, is confined to his home here with grippe. Physicians said Saturday night that the senator's illness was not serious, but that on account of his age, he would be kept quiet for several days. Senator Gallinger is in his 80th year.

There is a strike threatened by the employees of the fishing fleet of the New England ports. They are picking a nice time. Too bad some of the strikers aren't threatened with being hanged.

Representative Gallaway of Texas doesn't think a great deal of the soldiers and sailors of America. On the other hand it is quite likely that the soldiers and sailors think less than that of the great (?) statesman.



CITY OF PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Auditors' Office, Feb. 13, 1917.

In the Year of Our Lord One Thousand and Nine Hundred and Seventeen.

An Ordinance amending Chapter XXXIII. of the Revised Ordinances of the City of Portsmouth relating to Junk Dealers.

BE IT ORDAINED by the City Council of the City of Portsmouth N. H., assembled as follows:

Section 1. That that Section 4 of Chapter XXXIII. of the Revised Ordinances of the City of Portsmouth as amended, be hereby amended by striking out the following words "First Class" in said section, to wit:

"Fifteen (\$15) and insert in place thereof the following: "Fifty (\$50)" so that said section as amended shall read:

Section 4. Fees for Licenses shall be as follows:

First Class—Fifty (\$50) dollars per year.

Second Class—Ten (\$10) dollars per year.

Section 2. All ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed and this ordinance shall take effect on its passage.

Passed by the City Council February 8, 1917.

Approved:

SAMUEL T. LADD, Mayor.

John C. McDonough, City Clerk.

MISSION THAT WAS GRUESOME

Task of Burying the Dead Is Graphically Described in Diary of French Lieutenant.

March 23. Last night I was detailed with half my section to bury the dead. The task was not a pleasant one, but it was accomplished without reluctance or hesitation. Having to do the work at night made it a shade more lugubrious. A guide conducted us to a little thicket all laid bare by grape-shot, to the south of Perthes, and about three kilometers from the first lines. There was no moon, and it was very nearly pitch-dark. Trench-rockets streaked the sky here and there, and from the distance came the crack of musketry. Shells were laboring by with the heavy breathing of wild beasts in a rage. A little trench was made into a large one to receive the bodies, and then we had to set out in search of them. They had been lying there for a very long time, and it was only the recent advance of our lines that made it possible to bury them. With some difficulty we managed to make out these motionless heaps on the ground. It was necessary to search the pockets and take out papers, money, etc.; also to fasten the identification badges that are worn on the arm like a bracelet. It was not an easy thing to do. In this, also, I was obliged to set the example. I had to put my gloved hand into the pockets of a foul mass that felt to pieces at a touch. I found nothing but a pocketbook and diary. The men then took courage and overcame their aversion.

When our task was finished the abbe-infirmier who had accompanied us of his own accord, stepped to the edge of the grave and said a blessing. And that priest, standing out against the darkness, lifting his voice above the noise of battle in a last solemn duty to those pitiful fragments, was very fine. Every man of us, whether moved by religious conviction or not, felt the solemnity of the moment, and knelt to hear the words of forgiveness and of life.—From a French Lieutenant's Diary, in the Atlantic.

TOO MANY LIKE THIS MAN

Travelers on Trains Will Recognize Type With Which They Are More or Less Familiar.

"If I don't cure to talk, which usually I don't, I am a deaf and dumb asylum with a growth on. If I do talk, I assume the air of Kaiser Wilhelm offering peace to his enemies and combining it with the air of a munition maker reciting his profits."

"I insist on being first into the car and first out, and it does me good to bump into a lot of folks and cause them to look murder. I throw my feet around so that women shall trip over them and if I have set a child squalling I am pleased for hours."

"I rise early so I can be in the way in the washroom and when the movement is toward the diner I walk up and down the smallest passage in the car."

"At home, I am a fairly decent citizen, considerate, courteous. But the moment I board a train, I try to see how nearly I can simulate the manners of the hog pen. Why do I do it? I don't know. It just happens that I do."—Toledo Blade.

Left Physician Pondering.
The old farmer had no faith in "physic," but he became so unwell that he was eventually induced to see a doctor. A few days after his visit the doctor met him, and remarked that he looked better.

"Yes, sir," said the farmer, "I am a lot better than I was."

"So the medicine did you some good, after all, then?" said the physician.

"I dunno, sir, I dunno," the farmer went on. "It's like this 'ere, you see. Soon as I got outside your place, I drank one-half, and throwed away the other—but I can't tell which done me the most good!"

A Tip to Kansas.
According to a report to the trade and commerce department by the Canadian trade commissioner, sunflowers grown in Canadian backyards may be made profitable as well as ornamental.

There is a big demand for sunflower seed in England, where it is worth about \$100 a ton, which is about five cents a pound, delivered. In the past sunflower seeds have been bought for seed purposes to feed birds and poultry, but large quantities are now crushed in order to extract the oil, which is used in the manufacture of margarine, or artificial butter.—Toronto Globe.

Mike Had Answer Ready.
"Have you lobsters like this in Ireland, Mike?"

"Is it lobsters?" replied Mike, contemptuously. "Why, I've seen the sea red with 'em."

"But, Mike, lobsters aren't red till they're boiled."

"Don't I know that? But we're not springing in the cold country, and the crabs swim thro' 'em and come out ready for ye to crack open and ate," said Mike calmly.

He Was Deaf.
A foreign chauffeur driving outside far into the country ran out of gasoline, but chanced to meet a farmer who was deaf.

"Tell me, please," asked the chauffeur, "where I can get some gasoline. Der automobile has stopped already."

"Hey!" said the farmer, putting his hand to his ear.

"Himml!" cried the chauffeur. "Not hay. Gasoline. Dis was a morder car, nod a horse."

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

You Get RESULTS From Them

Just Phone 37 3 Lines 40c
1 Week 40c

TRY ONE TODAY AND YOU WILL BE CONVINCED.

WANTED

LADY Solicitor, Salary and expenses. Experience unnecessary. Free out. Permanent. Fairview Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y. ch 11 f24

WANTED—Man to drive team; no drunkards need apply. Cook Farm, Kittery Junction, Me. ch f23, 1f

WANTED—Farm hand or boy who can milk. No jags need apply. Write Box 171, Portsmouth, N. H. ch 1w f23.

WANTED—About April 1st, a modern house, 6 or 7 rooms, 3 bedrooms, good location. One with garden preferred. Address J. E. Badger, 322 Lexington street. ch 1w f23.

WANTED—Exchange Victor home talking machine cost \$60. Excellent condition for typewriter, Underwood, Remington preferred. Address A. this office. ch 1w f16.

WANTED—An experienced waitress at Sinclair Inn. ch 1w f22

WANTED—Second hand furniture, feather beds, antique furniture, George A. Kemp, Furniture Exchange, Penhallow Street, Tel. 72331. ch 13 f1.

FURNITURE MOVING—Both local and long distance, with heavy auto truck and handlers of long experience. Prices moderate. The Portsmouth Furniture Co., cor. Deer and Vaughan streets, near D. & M. depot. hcn116, 1f

TO LET

TO LET—Furnished front room, all improvements, good location. Address "D," this office. ch f26, 1w

TO LET—A two room furnished tenement at the Intervene, Kittery. Apply to J. P. Sugrue, Agent. ch 1f f24

TO LET—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping; also single rooms. Apply 37 Congress street, opposite Public Library. ch 1w, f24.

TO LET—Tenement of four rooms. Apply at this office. f10

TO LET—Single house, six or seven rooms, centrally located, modern improvements. Telephone 11812. ch 1f f10.

TO LET—Furnished rooms in good location. Plain sewing wanted. Rugs braided. Address 137 Cabot street. ch f24, 1w

TO LET—Tenement of six rooms; rent \$10.50. Apply at this office. ch 1f.

TO LET—Tenement of 7 rooms. Apply at this office. ch 1f f26.

TO LET—Tenement of three rooms \$8.00. Apply at this office. ch 1f f25

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Household goods consisting of kitchen, living room, bedroom furniture, stoves, etc. at 2 Autumn St. Call 2 to 3 p. m. ch f20, 1w

FOR SALE—A single runner pump, nearly new, or will exchange for light driving sleigh. Inquire this office or E. C. Matthews Company, Pleasant street.

FOR SALE—1914, 1915, 1916 Metz touring cars and roadsters in A1 condition. Some are full electrically equipped, ranging in price from \$75 to \$100. Address Melvin K. care Rockingham hotel. ch f10, 4f

FOR SALE—Lots on Park street, 60 by 150 feet. Apply to Mrs. Joseph Madcock, 244 Wilder street. Telephone 231-M. ch 1f f16.

FOR SALE—Day horse, weight 1050 pounds. Good worker and good driver; afraid of nothing. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE—Two driving horses and driving sleighs in good condition. E. E. Fredericksen, Woodbury avenue, city. ch 1a f2, 1f

FOR SALE—Some very good show cases and wall fixtures. Apply at this office.

FOR RENT—The two floors over Chas. W. Green's store, next to A. G. Browster's Bldg. also the basement. The upper floor would make an excellent Photograph Gallery. Inquire at this office. ch 1f f19.

LOST

LOST—Boston Terrier, dark brindle, short tail, half white face. Answers the name of Buster. If found return to 459 Middle street. Reward given. ch 21 f21

ATLANTIC SHORE RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE

WINTER SCHEDULE

In Effect October 1, 1916

(Subject to Change Without Notice)

Portsmouth Ferry Leaves Connecting With Cars

FOR ELIOT, DOVER AND BOWEN BERWICK—6.55, 7.55 a. m. and every hour until 5.55 p. m. Then 10.15 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m. *Runs to Rosemary Junction when there are passengers.

FOR KITTERY AND KITTERY POINT—6.15, 6.45 a. m. and every hour until 10.15 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

FOR YORK VILLAGE, YORK HARBOR, YORK BEACH AND OQUONQUIT, via P. & A. Y. Division—7.25, 8.55 a. m., 1.25, 4.15 p. m. Sundays—7.55 a. m., 1.55, 3.55 p. m.

*Runs to York Harbor only.

*Runs to York Harbor Post Office only.

FOR YORK VILLAGE, YORK HARBOR, YORK BEACH, OQUONQUIT, via KENNEBUNKPORT, TOWN HOUSE, KENNEBUNKPORT, CAPE PORPOISE, BIDEFORD, SANFORD AND SPRINGVALE via Rosemary—6.55, 8.55, 1.55, 3.55 p. m. Sundays—7.55, 8.55, 1.55, 3.55 p. m.

*Runs to Bideford only.

*Runs to Oquonquit only.

*Runs to York Harbor only.

ATLANTIC SHORE RAILWAY.



Don't Strain Your Eyes

trying to do any kind of work in dim or uncertain light. Call and see our line of high class

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES

and select the most improved bulbs, fixtures, etc., insuring good eyesight in this way, which is a splendid investment. Ask us more about this. How soon can you call?

CHADWICK & TREFETHEN

BOW ST. TEL. 9M.

MURRAY'S

Combination Store

128-130 Penhallow St.

Lunch Room

And Fine Line of GROCERIES

Best Regular Dinner, 25c.

Hot Baked Beans Saturday and Sunday.

Bread and Pastry Fresh Every Day.

A. Thurston Parker

SUCCESSOR TO

OLIVER W. HAM

122 Market St.

Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer.

Phone at Office and Residence. Lady Assistant provided when required.

TO LET

One nice, large office, well lighted and heated, Herald and Chronicle building. Enquire at Herald Office.

THE STORE OF FABRICS

Wool, Silk, Cotton, Linen

Special showing of Fine Printed Voiles,
Wool Suiting and Velour Coatings,
Fancy Silks for Suits and Waists.

Spring Season's Display of

GINGHAMS and PERCALES

The D. F. Borthwick Store

SPECIAL AGENT OF LOCAL OFFICE

Merton L. Kendall Arrested in
Boston on the Mann Act.

Portland, Me., Feb. 26.—Merton L. Kendall, who was arrested in Boston today and held in \$3000 for a hearing March 6 by United States Commissioner Hayes for violation of the Mann act in assisting in the illegal transportation of two girls from Portland to Boston, is a special agent of the treasury department in the Internal Revenue Department of which Dr. Seth Jones of New Hampshire maintains the office in Portsmouth. He has been serving in that capacity three years nearly.

Mr. Kimball is a son of the late A. S. Kimball of Norway, who was a member of Gov. Frederick W. Plafled's Council five years ago and was prominent in Democratic, Masonic and legal affairs. He is married and his family lives in Norway. He had lived in this city a year or more, at first only here when called by the duties of his office.

Mary Kane, detained in Boston, has lived on Danforth street and has been gone from her home some time. The police here had not been requested for the information at a late hour tonight and their records do not show that either Mary Kane or another girl had been arrested or any complaint made concerning their behavior in public. Mr. Kimball had never practised at the Cumberland bar, being a member of the Oxford bar and many years partner with his late father.

ADJUTANT FLORRIE DEAN OF
CHICAGO AT SALVATION
ARMY TONIGHT

There will be a program of readings,

musical drills, action songs, etc., given at the Salvation Army, State street, this Tuesday evening. There will also be a short address given by Adjutant Florrie Dean of Chicago. Adjutant Dean is the territorial organizer of the Girl Scouts, a similar organization to the Boy Scouts.

I. O. O. F. NOTICE

The annual roll call of Osgood Lodge No. 43, I. O. O. F., will be held Thursday evening, March 1st, at Odd Fellows Hall. All members are requested to be present. Sojourning Odd Fellows cordially invited. Supper served. Members are requested to contribute cake.

Per Order
FRED J. WORDEN,
Noble Grand.
CHAS. H. KEMOE, Rec. Sec.

NOTICE.

The members of Fannie A. Gardner Rebekah Lodge will attend the funeral of Sister Lydia D. Marden from her late home on Elwyn avenue, Wednesday afternoon at 2.30. Per order, Ida A. Ureth, Secretary.

PYTHIAN SISTERS, NOTICE.

All Pythian Sisters are requested to meet with Mrs. Grace, 118 Elwyn avenue, on Wednesday, Feb. 28, at 8 p. m., to attend the funeral of our late sister, Lydia D. Marden. Per order, Louise B. Hannaford, M. E. C. Grace I. Forsythe, M. of R. & C.

NOTICE.

Friends of the late William D. Parsons who wish to take leave of him may do so from 12 to 1.30 o'clock Wednesday.

BRIDGE PARTY AT WOMAN'S BUILDING

Girls' Club Holds a Big Affair
With 35 Tables in
Play.

The Girls' Club held a most successful bridge party at the Women's Building on Middle street Monday evening, and despite the weather there was a large attendance.

There were thirty-five tables in play and at the conclusion the favors were awarded as follows: Ladies' first, Mrs. Alice Gaulty; second, Mrs. Samuel T. Ladd; gentlemen's first, Mr. McGee, and second, Mr. O. C. Dowling. The consolation, which consisted of two potatoes, went to Mr. and Mrs. Harry T. Wendell.

The committee in charge were Mrs. Theodore W. Law, Mrs. C. A. Green, Misses Anna Winslow and Margaret Goodwin, assisted by Mrs. Florence Harris, Miss Eleanor Gooding and Dr. Rogers.

The waitresses who served ices and cake and sold candy were Lena Slossberg, Alice Slossberg, Margaret Jackson, Lena Porter, Elsie Schurman, Pauline Osgood, Mrs. Leon Smith, Lois Bailey and Jennie Nanna.

THE HERALD HEARS

That there will be no patriotic residents of Kansas City if Miss Warrington, a teacher in the public schools, has her way.

That she urged her pupils not to join the army and put an anti-enlistment motto on the blackboard in big letters.

That the school board has taken her case in hand and she is being defended by the heads of organized labor.

That the cities of Biddeford and Saco are to form an appendicitis club, the first to organize in the state of Maine.

That all residents of the two cities who have had their appendix removed are eligible to membership.

That we may yet have a hardware club from that state.

That the boxing exhibitions under the auspices of the Columbian A. C. at Dover in which some Portsmouth people have been appearing, has been taboed by the Dover police.

That the navy wants 25,000 men for the service.

That Uncle Sam can get them easy if he will promise they will not be sent off or be shot at.

That the girl who loads herself down with all the colors of spring styles has no kick when the "naughty men" on the street corners twist their necks.

That the scholars of the Dover schools have put \$211.91 in the school savings banks in 20 weeks.

That this shows what thrift will do among children.

That it costs the city about fifty dollars for bell ringing on Washington's Birthday.

That Thomas Marr of Manchester is the only man known to have ever tried to stop a train and live.

That Thomas, tanned up with red-eye stood in the Manchester yard of the Boston and Maine and commanded the train to come to a standstill.

That the big locomotive tossed him into the side of the road and he came out with a few slight scratches and bruises.

That the court gave him 90 days not for colliding with the train, but for being drunk.

That the edict of Boston's mayor on the spring lid for men, depends on the cash on hand March 1.

That if a man could be aroused as quickly as his suspicions are, the makers of alarm clocks would go out of business.

That the request for a wholesale liquor establishment on Vaughan street has been recalled before the executive board.

That the fire loss of this country is estimated at \$250,000 daily.

That a farmer from North Dakota says the wind is so strong there that it blows the seed out of the ground.

That he might borrow a few of the old anchors from the gun park at the navy yard to hold it down.

That the happiest woman nowadays should be the wife of a creamery man, coal dealer or one that has a few laying hens on her own account.

TAKES HIS OWN LIFE BY SHOOTING HIMSELF IN HEAD

Body of Daniel Brackett, Missing Since Feb. 17, Found in His Camp.

David Brackett, a former Boston & Maine conductor, running for several years between this city and points on the Conway branch, ended his life by shooting himself through the head in a camp on Lovell's Lake, near Sappertonville.

He had been missing since Feb. 17. His prolonged absence caused anxiety, and yesterday his wife stated her belief that he might have gone to a camp he owned on Lovell's lake. A search by his brother, Frank Brackett,

and Fred Sibley resulted in the finding of the body. Mr. Brackett had been in ill health and dependency over his condition is believed to have been the reason for his taking his own life.

He was 55 years of age and lately had been employed as engineer by the Metropolitan Ice Company. He was widely known among railroad men, especially in this city.

LOCAL DASHES

Mackerel at Clark's Branch.
We hope March will do better for us.

Ketcher trucks. C. B. Woods, Bow St.

February remains with us one more day.

Fish of all kinds at Clark's Branch. Tel. 133.

Portsmouth will get that cold storage plant.

Since the 21st of December the days have increased two hours and three minutes.

The Park Store, opp. Goodwin Park, is open evenings. Come in.

Now a little sun, Mr. Weatherman, and the rest of this ice and snow will disappear.

February discount sale at Margeon Bros. this month, 10, 25, 33 1/3 per cent discount.

The committee on finance from the city council held a meeting at city hall on Monday night.

The third of the series of dancing assemblies for the country club will be held tomorrow evening.

Sheehan's dancing class, Moose hall, Thursday evening.

Friday will be a holiday for the school children as there is a teachers' convention at Exeter on that date.

Hadcock, cod, mackerel, spawm, at Clark's Branch.

There will be quite a number from this city who will attend the inaugural ceremonies at Washington on Monday.

Five more days of Congress. Place your bets on the possibility of the calling of an extra session by the President.

Bargains in wall papers, marked to half price, for one week beginning March 1, at George B. French Co. Annex.

Regular meeting of Women's Auxiliary Y. M. C. A., will be held Association parlors Thursday, March 1 at 3.30 o'clock. A full attendance is desired.

The New York Sunday papers will cost you eight cents beginning next Sunday, which will help out in the fight against the H. C. L.

Lobsters and fish of all kinds, caught by our own boats, fresh every day. E. Jameson & Sons, Tel. 245.

The Boys' Athletic club meets this evening at the South ward room. All boys of that district between the ages of 12 and 17 years are welcome.

For a short time only custom suits to order at a substantial reduction. Detmar woollens, 500 patterns to select from, style and workmanship the best. Kaufman, the tailor, cor. Market and Bow streets.

The heavy rain of Monday made the traveling about the city streets bad for sleighs and today the majority of delivery and job wagons were on wheels. Outside of the city the traveling is still excellent for the runners.

The town of Kittery is preparing for one of those old fashioned town meetings. With a third valuation the tax rate must necessarily be high, but at the same time the state and county tax is about half of what it would be if there was a real valuation of the town.

A farmer was the authority for the statement that there are over a thousand bushels of potatoes in Stratham, and Greenland being held for a still higher price. As there was a drop of over \$3 a barrel in potatoes yesterday, it looks as though they had missed the top of the market.

There is an agreement among many of the grocers of this city not to handle potatoes while they are at the present high price. There is also an effective boycott on the part of the citizens and it is safe to say that there are fewer potatoes being used in this city today than ever before.

PORTSMOUTH AND LOWELL SEND BEST REPORTS TO HEADQUARTERS

In the recent campaign being held by the Salvation Army throughout the United States, the local corps and Lowell, Mass., were the most successful of the New England corps. The Lowell corps leads Portsmouth in the number of new soldiers made, in all other respects the local workers lead. During the campaign nearly five thousand people attended the meetings, there were fifty-four conversions, forty children have been added to the Sunday school, a troop of Boy Scouts, with twenty-four members, and a troop of Girl Guards, of twenty, has been formed. The membership of the corps has almost been doubled. The Salvation Army in this city today is stronger than it has been for the past fifteen years, and is well organized. Twelve local people fill various offices, making no charge for their services, their only pay being the approval of God.

LOOKING FOR FIRST PAPERS

Several Italian residents went to Exeter today where they appeared before the court for their first naturalization papers.

LOOKS LIKE OLD TIMES AT KITTERY

For the first time in many years the town of Kittery will have two tickets in the field for the voters to decide on at the coming town election on March 12. This political contest in the old town across the river will look like old times and will refresh the minds of the older voters of days when political animosity was plenty among the factions and many a Kittery man felt the pangs of the political knife in town battles that put the friendship of the leaders on ice for many years.

People you know.

Mrs. John Ham of 1111 street is visiting in Exeter.

Mrs. John H. Bartlett is spending a few days in Boston.

Mr. Delhi Spinney of Epping passed Monday in this city.

Paul Taverna of this city has joined the U. S. S. Vulcan for a cruise south.

R. C. Dieck, Charles W. Ham and R. I. Warden left today on a week's trip to Detroit.

Miss Isabel Craig is the guest of her sister-in-law, Miss Eleanor Craig of State street.

Mrs. Horace Wiggins of Broad street has left for Washington to attend the inauguration of President Wilson.

Miss Susan Borthwick is in Washington and will remain over for the inaugural ceremonies next Monday.

Mrs. M. L. Rowbottom who has been passing the winter in this city, is to return to her home in York this week.

Miss Oro Cook is visiting friends in Washington and she will remain until after the inauguration ceremonies next Monday.

Rev. George E. Leighton of Boston formerly of this city, was here yesterday to attend the funeral of George D. Whittier.

QUIET NIGHT FOR POLICE

For the first time in many weeks, Captain Burke of the night police did not entertain a guest in the municipal dormitory on Monday night. The night patrolmen did not even see anything that looked like a drunk during the hours of duty. To add to the period of tranquility, no Knight of the Road came in for a flop and every lower and upper berth remained vacant until daylight when the day police broke up the serenity.

PRESS WANTS TO MEET DOCTORS

The Press club has issued a challenge to the doctors for a battle on the bowling alleys and are ready to smash the pins with the medics at their convenience. Should the physicians meet the pencil pushers, the game will bring out some former fust men among the M. D.'s who used to shine at one time on the local alleys.

BACK FROM CONVENTION

Louis Shapiro has returned from Providence, R. I., where he attended a convention of the Zionists from 15 states relative to relief for the war sufferers. Mr. Shapiro is one of the executive committee.

South Street For Sale

Ten-room house with bath.
Barn and Henhouse.

Price \$2500

BUTLER & MARSHALL

REAL ESTATE

5 Market St.

For Sale

Miller Avenue House

15 Rooms and Bath. Steam heat, electric lights, gas, hardwood floors, large veranda. Will sell furnished or unfurnished.

The price is right and I will be glad to tell you all about this most attractive property. Don't wait.

FRED GARDNER

Globe Building.



At \$5.00, \$6.00, \$6.50 and \$7.50, our boys' suits with extra trousers are of extraordinary value at the present time. In fact, they help the parent quite considerably in keeping down the "high cost of living." We are keeping our profits down and the quality up in our boys' department as a practical testimonial to our regular patrons, the number of which is ever increasing in this department. Everything else in the line of boys' apparel is here and at reasonable prices.

Henry Peyser & Son

Selling the Togs of the Period.

MUSIC ROLLS

FOR YOUR

Player Piano

When you buy, buy the best. We carry constantly in stock a large assortment of the celebrated

RYTHMODIC

Hand Played Rolls

Prices range from

30 Cents up

Try these exquisitely played rolls. There are none better.

H. P. MONTGOMERY

Opposite P. O.

HOG PITCH

for scalding hogs.

If you use our pitch for this purpose, it will do such good work, you may receive a higher price for your product.

Pryor-Davis Co.

THE OLD HARDWARE SHOP

36 Market Street

Tel. 509.

Portsmouth, N. H.

REVIVAL REVIVAL ADVENT CHRISTIAN CHURCH, HANOVER ST.

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